DAILY CONSTITUTION.

Office: 36 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TERMS:

Daily, one year.....$10 00
" six months.....5 00
Weekly, one year.....2 00
" six months.....1 00

Postage for one year, on Daily, 60 cents; Weekly, one year, 20 cents.

WEATHER REPORT, SEPT. 13, 1876.

Reported by P. H. Mell, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist, Dept. Agriculture.

BAROMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.
29 029	29 026	29.054	29.036

THERMOMETER.

7 A.M	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	MAX'M	MIN'M
62°	80°	71°	72°	83°	60°

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun.....137
Radiation from the earth during preceding night.....42

HYGROMETER.

Per cent of moisture in the air				Evaporation	Rainfall.
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN	INCHES	INCHES.
77	49	66	64		

ANEMOMETER.

7 A.M—Wind from the.....West
2 P.M—Wind from the.....North-West
9 P.M—Wind from the.....West
Average velocity in miles per hour.....5.1
Pressure in ounces per square foot.....75

APPEARANCE OF THE SKY

7 A.M.....Clear
2 P.M.....Clear
9 P.M.....Clear

PROBABILITIES:—South Atlantic States, northeast to east winds, rising, followed by falling barometer, warmer clear weather, and possibly rains on the coast.

Gulf States, southerly winds, and warmer clear, or partly cloudy weather, and falling barometer, followed in the southwest by cooler northerly winds and rising barometer

Tennessee and Ohio Valley, falling barometer, warmer southerly winds, clouds and rain, followed by cooler northwest winds, and possibly rising barometer.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 109¼ and closed at 109¼.

MIDDLING UPLANDS closed in New York at 11 9-16. In Liverpool at 6 1-16.

GEORGIA.

Cotton Crop Estimates—The "Empire State of the South"—The Abundant Grain Crops—Hog-Complaints as to Drought.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept 6, 1876.

Editor New York Daily Bulletin: In looking over one of my letters to your paper just one year ago, I find my estimate of the cotton crop was 4,500,000 has millions, and at the same time there 42d were estimates of 3,750,000 and 5,000,— —MO. Looking at all the facts as they for rea and this year, my present estimate of prim the growing crop is 4,500,000; but I could easily take a wager that it will not amount to four millions and also that it will be five millions Looking at the facts of the case, and on those parties offering to bet on these figures, I can not see anything to authorize either the smaller or larger ones; but the persons who wish to risk their money belong to that numerous class who know but little, and are satisfied within themselves that what they do not know is not worth knowing. More than half of all cotton dealers, both north and south, I fear, belong to this class. They are to be found all over the south, and there are plenty of them amongst the large and small cotton dealers of your city.

When some writer of former times "dubbed Georgia as the "empire state of the south," he must have had a prophetic knowledge; for, truly, it is the "empire state of North America this year." I never saw such crops. The earth fairly groans with the load. The oat crop was immense; probably twice as much as ever grown in one year before in the state. And as for the corn crop, words can hardly express the extent of it. Before it was known certainly that this crop would be a full one, the price was one to one and a half dollars a bushel in different localities all over the state. In a month afterwards old corn was plenty at 50 to 75 cents a bushel; and now in middle and southwestern Georgia, in the heart of the cotton belt, corn can be bought in any quantity at from 40 to 50 cents a bushel. Around this city, fine Irish potatoes can be bought at 40 cents a bushel, and it is believed that the sweet potato crop will scarcely command 25 cents o bushel.

The farmers all over the state are independent as to food crop. Hogs are increasing in number, and mules and horses are "gaily" fat and sleek. Cotton, the great staple, has been grown as a surplus crop this year, and on many farms it has not cost over five cents a pound to raise it. The average actual cost this year has probably not been over eight cents a pound. The seasons, except a cold spell the last of March, have been without a fault. The grasshoppers, that made such a noise at one time, did not amount to enough to feed the chickens, and was the most ridiculous scare I ever knew. There are a few catterpillars in southern Georgia, which are doing considerable good just now by eating off the dense foliage from the plants, and this allows the sun to ripen the bolls; otherwise, many of them would rot before the sun could ripen them.

For the past few weeks there has been some complaint from southwestern Georgia that the drouth was burning up the cotton and the injury had already amounted to 25 to 50 per cent. Having once been a cotton planter in that region, I know that this is principally talk and scare. The facts are that the seasons had been so very fine, indeed, up to the 1st of August, that the prospects was 125 to 150 per cent; and now the laws of nature have provided a hot, dry season in August to cause a portion of this excess of squares, blooms and bolls to fall off, so the remainder—100 per cent average on a full crop can ripen. These are the facts of the case and can be depended upon. But Col. Smith, who lives one hundred miles from his plantation, will tell you he is ruined; and General Brown, who lives in Atlanta, will tell you that there is "not one word of truth" in what I have written, that "the crop is ruined," he "never saw such devastation," and in consequence he "will not be able to pay his grocery and butcher bills;" whilst in retaliation for his disbelief of my statement, I guess he would not be able to pay under any circumstance, and this ruin to his crop comes just in time to save his credit.

The average cotton crop for this state is 525,000 bales, averaging in weight 470 pounds. This year the prospect is the crop will be 575,000 bales.

Mr. James Gordon Bennett takes an occasional day of relaxation from polo by running down to New York. The last gash in his head is believed to have made him a little enthusiastic in ploughing up the field on a firey and untamed mustang.

The Constitution.

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14 1876 NO. 76

CANDLER ON THE COURSE.

THE FIFTH'S FAVORITE SON RE NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Sixty-Four Efforts to Agree—Duncan, of Houston, Proves Long-Winded in the Race.

The Second District Honors itself by Renominating Hon. W. E. Smith.

Special to the Constitution.

GRIFFIN, Sept. 13, 4:30 p. m.

This unusually quiet city has been the scene of lively movements since yesterday. So soon as the delegates to the congressional convention began to drop off the trains

LIVELY CAUCUSING BEGAN

between them and the friends of candidates already in waiting.

It soon became evident to the most casual observer that when the convention assembled there would be witnessed nothing in the shape of a "walk over." It was at once found that the opposition to Candler would be pronounced and that

AN EARNEST FIGHT

would be made to prevent his renomination. When his opponents were approached and reasoned with they refused to be disturbed in their purpose, but insisted that there must be rotation and a man from the lower end of the district should be nominated. There was no ground urged for Candler's abandonment other than this one of location. At first it seemed that there would be a conspicuous show of

TROUBLE IN THE CONVENTION,

arising from this factious determination. The arrival of Candler's friends soon dispelled these apprehensions They came in with confident faces and emphatic declarations of their purposes. Matters began to get interesting at an early hour this morning. Noses were counted and it was found that Candler had a

CLEAN, SOLID, UNFLINCHING

majority, which would camp upon the ground until his name should be announced as that of the nominee Fulton's delegation slashed about with the sang froid of men who held four aces" in their hand.

DeKalb's men were here to stay and be the last "Milt Candler men" in the field. Clayton, Henry, Fayette, Milton and Upson were also standing flat-footed for Candler, with scattering support upon the outside. When these facts became known the Candler men threw off all concern about two thirds, or majority rule, and enjoyed the maneuvering of the other side. Thus matters stood

WHEN THE CONVENTION MET

at the court house, at 10 a m.

Hon Fred Dimuke of Spalding, a member of the Executive committee of the district, called the convention to order, and spoke of the responsibilities and gravity of the occasion.

On motion of Dr E J Roach, of Fulton, the Hon J C Smith, of Crawford county, was unanimously elected permanent president of the convention.

COL. SMITH,

upon taking the chair thanked the convention for the honor done him and referred eloquently to the purposes and prospects of the party.

Col J W Mathews, of Houston, and W E H Searcy and H P Speer, of Spalding, acted as secretary and assistants.

On motion a committee on business, composed of one delegate from each county, was appointed. They soon returned and made a report endorsing

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORMS

adopted by the party in national convention at St. Louis, and in state convention at Atlanta recently.

A new executive committee for this district was also provided for to serve the ensuing two years. The report was adopted.

THE TWO THIRDS RULE

was acquiesced in and governed the ballottings which were subsequently had. It was understood that the men from below were against any deviation from that rule, and Candler's friends had agreed not to have any choice in the matter.—they were equally prepared to meet either requirement.

THE REPRESENTATION

comprised 31 votes, as follows:

Fulton	6 votes.
Houston	6 "
Monroe	4 "
Spalding	2 "
DeKalb	2 "
Fayette	2 "
Clayton	3 "
Milton	2 "
Henry	2 "
Crawford	2 "
Upson	2 "
Pike	2 "

Of which number two-thirds would be 23 votes.

ENTERING THE CANDIDATES.

When the time arrived for the presentation of names to be considered the following were offered:

Colonel Adair, of Fulton county, in an eloquent eulogy upon the record and qualifications of the present incumbent Hon Milton A. Candler, of DeKalb county, presented his name to the convention.

Hon J H Duncan, of Houston county, was placed in nomination by one of the delegates from that county, Mr Miller, who paid a glowing tribute to his favorite and urged the claims of Houston county to this consideration.

The delegates from Monroe announced that they had intended to present the name of Hon Dud Hammond, but were unwilling to enter Hammond in a contest out of which he could hardly hope to emerge victoriously

A Pike county delegate put before the convention in appropriate terms of praise and enthusiasm the name of Hon. Alexander M. Speer, of Spalding.

THE BALLOTING BEGAN,

and upon the first count the vote stood:

Candler	32
Duncan	6
Speer	6

This ballot showed Candler within one vote of the required two-thirds; Houston voting for Duncan; Spalding, Pike and two from Monroe voting for Speer; the remainder for Candler.

For several ballots there was no material change and it soon became evident to Candler's friends that the work of nominating him must necessarily be one of patience and firmness.

SIXTY FOUR BALLOTS

were had before a conclusion was reached, and as there were but slight changes during the process it will not be necessary to note each separate ballot ing, but only to note the episodes of the contest.

Judge Lyon withdrew Dave Glance.

Judge B P Trippe, of Fulton, was nominated by Judge Boynton, of Spalding, but could reach no higher than the best opposition vote that Candler encountered.

The highest vote given to Duncan, Speer or Trippe was 12¼ votes.

Candler's lowest vote was 19½ votes.

The fractional vote was made by the determination of a Spalding county delegate to vote for Candler. His colleague gave him his fraction, and he stuck it in as solidly as he could every time for Candler.

THE BALANCE OF POWER

in the balloting resided in the vote of the Monroe delegation, which divided, giving two to Candler and two to the opposition. Crawford went first to one and then to the other.

Finally Monroe announced that she would cast her voice and votes in the interests of harmony and to that end would vote solidly for Hon M A Candler (Applause.) Thereupon, it being the sixty-fourth ballot,

CANDLER WAS CHOSEN

to again carry our banner to victory. His nomination was immediately made unanimous amid great enthusiasm. The result is considered a well-earned. It is a well-deserved, triumph, and Congressman Candler will again go to Washington fully endorsed by the honest and true people of the metropolitan district of his state.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

was named, but I did not get the names of all the members. They will come by mail to you. Colonel Wm F Newman, of Fulton, will represent that county and undoubtedly be chairman. L J Winn is one from DeKalb, F A McConnell from Clayton B F Roberts from Milton and C T Zachary from Henry. The committee is a good one.

VOTED IT DOWN.

The convention before adjournment voted down a resolution by a delegate from Fulton asking the counties two years hence to give expression upon the question of continuing the two-thirds rule and to instruct their delegates to the next congressional convention upon the subject.

This resolution was opposed by the delegates from the lower counties.

COL. DUNCAN

was the formidable opponent of Mr Candler. While defeated in the nomination still Colonel Duncan has reason to be gratified at the favor of his friends, and to feel that the future has rewards in store for him.

The convention was orderly and in the main harmonious.

The only question left by it is for the people—how great a majority shall Candler have in November.

S.

CARRYING THE NEWS.

HOW CANDLER'S RE-NOMINATION WAS RECEIVED.

The return of the delegates from the Griffin convention yesterday gave evidence of the deep interest felt by the people in the result of that convention.

AT JONESBORO

the train was met by a large crowd and the news of Candler's success was the signal for hearty congratulations. Mr Candler had no warmer supporters than the democrats of Clayton and he will not be readily brought to forget the zeal and energy with which they sought his success

IN ATLANTA

the intelligence as it spread over the street from the bulletin-boards of the CONSTITUTION, gave general satisfaction. Everybody was pleased and "hurrah for Candler!" became the salutation of the evening. Taken with the announcement of Hill's and Smith's renominations the gratification of the people was significant. Our people are not only well contented with the services of Candler, but are ready to pursue a course of wisdom and seek experience, rather than brilliancy in other regards, in their national representatives.

SMITH IN THE SECOND.

A SENSIBLE MOVEMENT BY SENSIBLE MEN.

Special to the Constitution.

THOMASVILLE, GA., Sep. 13.

The Hon. W. E. Smith was nominated unanimously to-day by the democratic convention of the second congressional district

J. T.

HILL IN TRIUMPH.

NO OPPOSITION TO THE PEOPLE'S TRIBUNE.

Special to the Constitution.

GAINESVILLE, GA., Sept. 13, 1874.

The Gainesville convention organized with Hon J H Christy as president, and J. B Sillman as secretary. The counties were called, and all were represented except Rabun, Banks, and Towns.

Hon R A Eakes of Forsyth, moved that Hon B H Hill be nominated by acclamation, which was carried amidst great enthusiasm.

M. P. C.

UNANIMOUS.

HON B. H. HILL NOMINATED BY ACCLAMATION—

FULL PROCEEDINGS OF THE NINTH CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

Special to the Constitution.

GAINESVILLE, Sept. 13, 1876.

The congressional convention of the ninth district, met here to-day and was called to order by Hon H S Bradley organized by electing Hon John H Christy president and Col J B Sillman secretary. A roll of delegates was made out—all counties represented except Banks, Rabun and Towns.

The following is a full

LIST OF DELEGATES.

Clarke—Hon J H Christy.
Dawson—Maj John Hockenhull, A J Logan, D J Burt.
Fannin—Col Price and P M Sitton, proxies.
Franklin—J T Wilson, W A Shannon, W G Alexander.
Forsyth—Hon R A Eakes, Hon E C McAfee
Dr H P Rides, J D Foster.
Gilmer—J S Simmons, proxy.
Grantville—J T McElhany.
Habersham—E W Callenger, Hon W S Erwin, J T Reinbert.
Hall—Maj M W Finger, Dr H S Bradley, S C Fraser.
Jackson—Col J B Sliman, J G McLester, Hon J M Potts, Col W I Pike, G E Deadwigler.
Lumpkin—A L Garvin, P M Sitton, Hon W F Price.
Madison—Elbe Collins, J B Elberhart.
Morgan—Oscar Thomason, B H Overby, J W Burney.
Oconee—Dr J A Price, E B Thrasher, Hon J C Wilson.
Pickens—A J Lovelady, Stephen Tate, James Simmons.
Union—J B Estes, proxy.
White—W J Payne, T V McAfee.

The president announced that nominations were in order.

Hon R A Eakes nominated Hon B H Hill, and moved that it be made by acclamation. Carried unanimously, with enthusiasm

W J Payne moved a committee of three be appointed to notify Mr Hill of his nomination.

The president appointed Hon W P Price, Hon E C McAfee and Hon Oscar Thomason, committee.

Hon W P Price moved the adoption of the rules of the house of representatives for the government of this convention. Adopted.

W S Erwin moved the re-election of Maj John Hockenhull, of Dawson, as chairman of the Executive committee of the district. Carried.

Mr Eakes suggested that the delegates from each county nominate a chairman for the county executive committee which was done.

The list was made out by the secretary and adopted by the convention.

The following is the list:

Banks—L F Morris.
Clarke—S M Hunter.
Dawson—R N McClure.
Fannin—Andrew Morris.
Franklin—W B Little.
Forsyth—Dr John Hockenhull.
Gilmer—J I Garrett.
Gwinnett—N L Hutchins.
Habersham—W S Erwin.
Hall—Dr H S Bradley.
Jackson—W I Pike.
Lumpkin—P H Moore.
Madison—Rufus M Marony.
Morgan—W S McHenry.
Oconee—J C Wilson.
Pickens—James Simmons.
Rabun—D T Duncan.
Towns—W R McConnell.
Union—T J Harralson.
White—W B Bell.

W P Price moved a committee of five be appointed to report business for the convention.

Dr H S Bradley, W S Irwin, B H Overby, J C Wilson, and Elbe Collins were made that committee. They retired to prepare business.

Hon. W P Price, on motion, addressed the convention upon the political issues of the day, followed by Colonel J B Estes; both speeches were elegant and well received.

Dr. Bradley, chairman of the business committee, then read the report as follows:

Mr. President—Your committee appointed to prepare business for the action of the convention, beg leave to submit the following report: We hail with just pride the nomination of Governor Samuel A Tilden and Governor Thos A Hendricks for the office of president and vice president of the United States, as a ticket combining all necessary elements of strength, and as a ticket which challenges the admiration and deserves the support of every true democrat as well as of every honest liberty loving republican and every friend of honest economy, retrenchment and reform in the nation, and we unhesitatingly express our confidence in their ability, patriotism and statesmanship, and we pledge them the undivided support of the democracy of the ninth congressional district of Georgia.

We further desire to express our admiration of the spirit of harmony which characterized the action of our late state convention, in placing before the voters of the state for office of governor, that peerless christian gentleman, soldier and statesman, the Hon. A H Colquitt, and we predict his election by a larger majority than was ever before known in the annals of gubernatorial elections in Georgia.

We congratulate the people of the ninth congression l district on the unanimous nomination of our present able, efficient and honorable representative in congress, the Hon B H Hill, knowing as we do that not a democrat in the district will fail to rejoice that we are to return to the national councils this great champion of southern chivalry and renown and this peerless terror to radicalism.

In closing our report we commend the action of this convention to the favor of the voters of our district, hoping that the same harmony and unanimity which has characterized our deliberation, may also characterize theirs at the ballot box. Respectfully submitted.

H. S. BRADLY,
J. C. WILSON,
B. H. OVERBY,
ELBA COLLINS,
W. S. ERWIN,
Committee.

Adopted by convention.

W S Erwin moved the thanks of the convention be tendered Hon. J H Christy, president of the convention for the able manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of the body, and to Col J B Sillman Secretary and M J M P Caldwell assistant secretary for their efficient services and that the proceedings of this convention be published in all the papers of the district.

A despatch to the president from Mr Hill was read that he would be in Gainesville by first train. Great enthusiasm.

After a most harmonious political "love-feast" of two hours the convention adjourned.

As soon as the nomination of Mr. Hill was made, Prof. Van Horn's splendid band of the city played several fine tunes in the public square which was loudly cheered.

M. P. C.

CAUCUS CANVASSINGS.

LUCIUS J. ROBINSON FOR GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK.

News From Washington—Hon. Butler Nominated—Other Political Matters.

Special to the Constitution.

Assembling of the Convention.

SARATOGA, Sept. 13.—The state convention met in the opera house at 12 m. The hall was filled at 12:20. Judge Gray, president of the last convention, called the convention to order.

A New Name.

SARATOGA, Sept. 13.—The convention, after calling the roll, proceeded to take an informal ballot. Lucius Robinson had 189 votes, Potter 107, Horner A. Nelson 22, Augustus Schoonmaker, jr., 33, James Farbush, 8, Hesikiah Sturgis 4, Scott Lord 4. Lucius Robinson was then nominated by acclamation.

Kelly's Courtesy to Seymour.

Mr. Kelly then renewed his motion tendering his resignation as an elector at large, and moved that the name of Horatio Seymour be substituted for it. Mr. Kelly's motion was then adopted and the name of Seymour was substituted for that of Kelly as elector at large.

A committee was appointed to notify Mr. Robinson of his nomination and the convention adjourned sine die.

Nothing to Levy on.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Sheriff Connor to-day made his returns of the execution in judgment in the civil suit of the people vs. Wm. M. Tweed. The return shows no property to levy on.

Butler Nominated.

BOSTON, September 13.—At Lowell to-day, Gen. B. F. Butler was nominated on the 1st ballot, as follows: Whole number of votes, 106; necessary to a choice 54. Butler received 84.

A Fresh Frey.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The appointment of Frey as marshal of Kentucky has been reconsidered and the commission given to Thos. E. Burns of Marion county.

The South Carolina Menagerie.

COLUMBIA, September 13.—The republican nominating convention has been in session all day. The nominations will be made to-morrow.

Robert Smalls, negro congressman, is permanent president.

Senator Patterson spoke, endorsing Chamberlain for governor. He denounced the democrats in unmeasured terms.

Thomas C. Dunn, present comptroller general is a prominent candidate for the nomination against Chamberlain.

Labor Reformers.

LYNN, MASS., September 13.—A convention of the labor reform party was held here to-day, Wendell Phillips, presiding. A resolution was adopted urging the labor reformers to vote for Jno. Q. Baker, for governor.

The Navy.

WASHINGTON, September 13.—Chief Engineers, Jas. W. King, and Naval Constructor, James W. Eastby, are designed to act with the congressional committee of navy yards. They will consider advisory of the naval rendezvous on the Georgia coast. The committee meets on the 2d of October.

Preparing for the Fever.

The hospital ship, Pawnee, will be stationed at Port Royal to receive yellow fever cases from our vessels. No cases yet reported, and the movement is only precautionary.

The iron clads now at Port Royal is ordered to drop down to Hilton Head. Cruisers of the North Atlantic fleet, recently ordered to rendezvous at Port Royal by the first of October, will assemble at Hampton Roads instead.

An Actor Shot.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—While John S. Moffitt, who is playing Humpty Dumpty, was lunching after theatre last night a stray shot from some ruffians who were shooting at each other struck him. He had his hand on his breast at the moment, and the ball crushed through it and struck his breast, but did not penetrate. He may lose his hand.

Conner's Majority.

AUGUSTA, ME., September 13.—The official returns give Conner 15,298 majority. The whole number of votes cast were 126,771.

Louisiana Politics.

NEW ORLEAS, September 13.—Wm. M. Burnell, was nominated for congress by the republicans of the first district. Warmouth has declined.

Gov. Kellogg has returned.

Lincoln and Robertson Co. Whiskies.

ARCHER CHEATHAM. GEO. S. KINNEY.

CHEATHAM & KINNEY,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Lincoln and Robertson Co. Whiskies.

Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Apple and Peach Brandies,

Imported Brandies, Rum, Gin, Scotch and Irish Whiskies, Port, Sherry, Madeira, Malaga, Claret and Champagne Wines.

CURACOA, ANISETTE, MARASCHINO, AND VERMOUTH.

Murphy Block, 44 South Market Street. Nashville, Tenn.

Prompt attention given to the selection and shipment of orders. Lowest possible rates of freight obtained to all points throughout the United States.

aug25 d&m

HELD ON THE HILLS.

THE INDIANS CAGE IN FIFTY MINERS.

The Latest from the Hostile Region—General Indian Marauding, Etc, Etc.

The News from Servia—Just as Mud dled as Ever—Russia Holding th Lines.

Special telegram to the Constitution.

Out of the Woods.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—A Bismarck dispatch of the 12th inst., says that a Standing Rock letter dated the 12th, says an Indian arrived last night from the hostile camp with messages from seven hostile chiefs. He is known to have left this agency about three weeks ago for the hostile camp. While he does not claim to have been with Sitting Bull he says that he was with another

Much Larger Camp,

where lodges and Indians covered all the prairie. He reports the Indians as being abundantly supplied with fresh meat, buffalo and antelope being in great abundance. They are also reported to have more arms and ammunition than they know what to do with. They daily watch men who are engaged in building the new post on Tongue river, and say one time they could have

Destroyed Another Body

of troops as they did Custer and his band, but they thonght they were going home, and for that reason did not care to disturb them. This is supposed to have been Gen. Miles and his regiment when they started back for the Yellowstone river. They are very anxious to treat for peace and do not care to fight soldiers if they are let alone, but if they are not they will

Fight for Years if Necessary.

The writer says several of the bands refused to be counted and rations were accordingly withheld from them. One chief submitted to the count refused to receive his rations and scattered them on the ground. It is claimed that the count though not completed will not show more than half the number of Indians which the agent claimed to have been issuing to. Though new supplies have not arrived, full rations of flour, and half rations of sugar, coffee, tobacco and bacon were issued. The correspondent claims that the Indians received fully as much under this issue as they had formerly received for double the number of lodges. Captain Collins has been detailed to assist Lieutenant Rosch in the count of refractory lodges.

Five Men Killed.

Intelligence from Fort Thompson, Dakota, dated September 3, says that advices from Fort Pierce and subsequently confirmed report that a party of five men were killed by the Indians while on their way to the Black Hills. The massacre took place near the head of the Sica, and it is thought that some of the party must have got away and penetrated as far into the foot hills as Crook City, from which place

A Force of Fifty Miners

came out to open the way to the Missouri. It is reported that these were attacked, surrounded and held corralled on a hill for a whole day, when a messenger escaped to the Hills, and twenty others came to the assistance of the besieged men, but before they were able to co-operate with them, they were attacked and

Overpowered by Indians

and all massacred. This is the last report which has not yet been confirmed, but it seems probable, as the Indians have recently appeared in large numbers from the hostile camps in the neighborhood of the Black Hills, and even at the Cheyenne river agency.

General Custer's Remington rifle and the black horse he used to ride at Fort Lincoln, have been captured by some Black Hillers from a young warrior, killed on a scout to the Black Hills.

Pawnee Prowlers.

OMAHA, Sept. 13.—Major Frank North, with one hundred Pawnee Indians enlisted as scouts for Gen. Crook's command, passed through here to-day bound for the Powder river country.

Arresting Turkish Officers.

LONDON, September 13.—The report of the arrest of the Turkish officers implicated in the Bulgarian atrocities is confirmed. Fifteen of them have been sent under guard to Constantinople. A dispatch to Reuter's telegram company, from Constantinople, says: These are the leaders indicated in the report of Bisque Bey, the Turkish official who has been investigating the atrocities in Belgaria.

Bisque Bey's Report.

VIENNA, September 13.—A special dispatch to a political correspondence from Constantinople says Bisque Bey's report admits that the atrocities were indescribably horrible, and is believed the report will be suppressed.

Satisfaction with Derby's Speech.

LONDON, Sep. 13.—The Earl of Derby's speech in reply to addresses of the two deputations which waited upon him on Monday on the eastern question, appears to have been satisfactory generally to press and people. The agitation about the government's position on this question is weakening, though it is likely it will be kept alive until after the election in Buckinghamshire to fill the vacancy in the house of commons caused by the elevation of Mr. Disraeli to the peerage, which takes place on Sept. 21st, and will be hotly contested mainly on that issue. Liberal victory there would be regarded as a severe check to the ministers.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The Standard's dispatch from Belgrade says the answer of Turkey concerning conditions of peace has been received, but not yet been officially communicated.

Russia's Mask.

Russia will not permit Servia to accept Turkey's terms. The question now is when will Russia throw off the mask and openly prosecute the war that she is actually waging while pretending to be merely Servia's friend.

Essen Bey's Real Name.

LONDON, September 13.—A Times' special from Vienna says that some Russian volunteers are returning from Servia, but that the agitation in Russia continues, causing great uneasiness.

The Times' dispatch from St Petersburg says that the telegraph reports from Philippolis that Essen Bey, one of the leaders in the Bulgarian outrages, whose arrest had been ordered, has collected a number of Bashi Bazouks and defies the Turkish government to arrest him.

Russia's Position.

LONDON, September 13.—The Standard's Vienna special says: Diplomatic communications state that Marshal Manteufel who went or a mission to Warsaw to persuade Russia to check war-like aspirations of her people, has received Prince Gortschakoff's reply to Germany,

Laying Down the Conditions

under which Russia will uphold peace under the present trying circumstances.

The Belgrade correspondent of the Daily News is informed that over three thousand Russians of all grades are in the Servian army.

After the Bascurks.

A despatch from Constantinople to the Daily News states that the report of a Turkish officer just made regarding atrocities in Bulgaria. Several leaders implicated have been arrested and will be brought to Constantinople for trial. The Turkish government has promised to distribute $150,000 among the Bulgarian sufferers.

A Little Cold Comfort.

LONDON, Sept. 14—The Post, a thick and thin supporter of the government, invites attention to the arrest of the Turkish officers charged with the Bulgarian atrocities, as evidence that the porte is taking effectual measures to show the abhorrence of the inhuman and deplorable acts in Bulgaria. It says we may feel confident that Lord Derby's and Mr. Elliott's last interpositions have not been without effect in securing the punishment of the guilty, and relief for the sufferers.

A Definite Refusal

A special dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Berlin, say the porte has definitely resolved to refuse an armistice, but declares its readiness to discuss the terms of peace. The porte will not object to a suspension of hostilities provided the powers show as earnest a desire to conclude a peace as they have to bring about an armistice.

A Servian Success.

A Servian bulletin announces that fighting occurred yesterday between Alexinatz and Delegrade, on the left bank of the Morova, which terminated in favor of the Servians. No details.

Ranco Olipics was superseded in the command of the Servian army of Drina by Colonel Mircovich.

One thousand two hundred Italian volunteers are expected to arrive at Belgrade shortly.

An Extraordinary Council.

LONDON, September 13.—The Post says it has reasons to believe that an extraordinary cabinet council which was held yesterday at Constantinople, will prove of great importance towards a speedy pacific solution of conflicts in the Ottoman Dominion. Concerning this council a dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company merely says the conditions of peace were discussed.

A special to the Times from Vienna says that the council was held for the purpose of considering the resolution previously taken by the cabinet and which should have been presented to the powers on Monday. The correspondent says this reconsideration at the last hour is undoubtedly due to the step taken by the powers at the instigation of England through her representative, Mr. Elliott.

Depressed In Feeling.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The Times' Belgrade correspondent says there is great depression there already, and reports are current of a fresh disaster to the Servian army.

The Times Vienna correspondent telegraphs that he has information from Metrovitz confirming the reported defeat of the Servians on the 8th and 9th inst. The Servians were driven back to Shabitz, but as the Turks did not follow up their advantage the Servians recuperated their line on the Drina on the 10th inst.

The Dutch Taking Holland.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—An Amsterdam special to the Pall Mall Gazette says that serious disturbances occurred there Monday night, and last night because the government suppressed a fair, troops were called out and attacked the mob, killing one person and wounding fourteen. Large reinforcements of troops have arrived.

Concerning a Railroad.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 13.—In the U. S. circuit court to-day an order was entered instructing the receivers of the Atlantic, Mississippi & Ohio railroad, to examine their best judgment in relation to redeeming certain securities of the companies hypothecated as collaterals for loans advanced to the company prior to appointment of a receiver whenever they shall consider it to be for the interest of their trust, and not to redeem in any case when they shall consider it not to be for the sole interest of their trust so to do, provided however in exercise of the an hority conferred upon them, the receiver shall not increase the debt or debts in question or change the charter thereof. The receivers were also authorized is lien of actually redeeming the bonds so pledged to arrange from time to time for extension or continuance of the loans for which the same stand pledged either with the parties to whom the bonds are now pledged or with any other party or parties.

Foreclosure.

CHEROKEE, Sept. 13.—At the end of the first five shots, 800 yards range, the Scotch team was ahead.

AN ATLANTA TRAIN WRECKED.

Goes down an Embankment 30 Feet. —Is Seriously Injured.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 13.—Five cars of the Atlanta express train on the Danville railroad, near Greensboro N. C., were untracked to-day and thrown down an embankment thirty feet high. Thirteen persons injured, none fatally.

THIRTY FIVE DEATHS.

Twenty Two Caused by Yellow Fever.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 13.—Total number of interments to-day, 35, of which 22 were yellow fever. This is the largest number yet reported. The benevolent society will be glad to receive aid for the sick and destitute, as there is much suffering among the poor people, white and black.

SWUNG FROM THE SCAFFOLD.

FOUR INDIANS EXECUTED AT FT. SMITH, ARK.

Taking Fifteen in All from the Same Gallows.

EXECUTION OF INDIANS.

FT. SMITH, ARK., Sept. 8.—To-day was the scene of another execution in the court yard of the United States district court of this place, by which four Indians, Asse Sanders, a Cherokee, Sinker Wilson, a Cherokee, Sam Peters, a Choctaw, and Jack Valley, a Peoria Indian, paid the penalty of their crimes, which were committed in the Indian Territory.

The number present was very large. Wagon loads of people commenced pouring into town on the evening of the previous day, and the streets were literally jammed. Everything passed off in an orderly and quiet manner.

At eleven o'clock the prisoners were taken from jail under a strong guard of deputy marshals. On arriving at the gallows, they took the stand assigned them and made preparations for the plunge into eternity. They were seemingly unconscious of their situation.

After the death warrants had been read and interpreted, religious exercises were held.

The prisoners then bid farewell to all. The ropes were adjusted, the black caps drawn over their faces, and at 11:55 o'clock the drop fell, and the four souls were launched from earth into eternity.

The Independent, of this place, says that this execution closes the life of fifteen who have been executed within a year by the sentence of the same court, in the same spot, and on the gallows. Six were hung on Sept. 3, 1875, five on April 21, 1876, and four to-day, nine having suffered the extreme penalty of the law within less than five months.

The following is a description of the prisoners and their crimes:

SINKER WILSON.

He is a Cherokee, of medium size, weighing about 130 pounds, twenty-four years old and five feet five inches high. He was convicted in the United States court, then held at Van Buren, Crawford county, Ark., on the 2nd day of December, 1867, of the murder of Datus Cowen a white boy, and sentenced to be hung on the 7th day of February, 1868.

About the 15th day of January, prior to the day set for his execution, he made his escape, and remained at large nearly nine years, until April, 1876, when he was recaptured, and at the last term of the United States court for the western district of Arkansas, he was resentenced to be hung on the 8th day of September, 1876.

In his dying statement he declared that he was innocent of the murder, and charged its commission to his brother.

SAMUEL PETERS.

He is a Choctaw, 28 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, weighing 150 pounds. On the 15th day of October, 1875, James Hanson, who was engaged in tending stock for Gen. Downing, left home in the morning, leaving his wife and child, about four months old, at Hiwain prairie. He went to Strongtown by the railroad, and stayed until 1 in the afternoon; from there he went to Downing's and paid him the money he had received for the cattle he had sold. He arrived at Downing's late in the afternoon and intended staying there all night. About midnight he was awakened and informed that his wife had been murdered. He immediately went home, and the first thing he saw was the body of his wife, whom he had left that morning in good health, laid out on a table, cold in death, a victim of the knife of a brutal assassin.

He was asked, "Did you kill her?"

The prisoner nodded his head in the affirmative.

He asked again, "Did you kill her, Sam?"

He said, "I killed her."

SEKE SANDERS,

another of the unfortunates, is a Cherokee Indian, good looking, complexion light for an Indian, well made, 29 years old, five feet eleven inches high. Sanders was tried at the March term of the United States court, convicted and sentenced to be hung on the 31st day of April last. Two days prior to the execution, the president reprieved him. June 2, last, was fixed as the day. Again he was reprieved, and the eighth day of September, 1876, set as the day upon which he was to suffer the penalty of his crime.

Sanders was convicted of the murder of Thomas Carlyle, and the principal witness was his wife, who was present at the killing.

Sanders was persistent in his denial of participation in the murder up to the last moment.

JOHN VALLEY.

The last on the list is John Valley, a Peoria Indian, 28 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high, weighing about 160 pounds. In this case the proof is very positive, and there is no doubt as to the murder and who committed the deed. On the 27th day of November, 1875, the prisoner killed one Eli Hackett, a white man in the Peoria nation.

ADVERTISING RATES.

RATES OF ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVERTISEMENTS, PER RATES NAMED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE

Length of Space. Ten Lines.	1 w'k	2 w'ks	3 w'ks	4 w'ks
One Square	$ 3.50	$ 5.00	$ 6.00	$10.00
Two Squares	5.00	11.50	15.00	18.00
Three Squares	9.00	16.50	22.50	30.00
Four Squares	11.00	20.00	27.00	35.00
Five Squares	13.00	23.00	31.50	39.00
Six Squares	14.50	26.50	35.50	44.00
Seven Squares	16.00	27.00	38.00	48.0
Half Column	30.00	55.00	70.00	85.0
One Column	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.0

Advertisements inserted three times a week, one-fourth off the table rates; two times a week, one-half off the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minst

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

PRINTED FORCITY AND COUNTY.

Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, and Official Proceedings of Clayton County, published in Jonesboro.

The Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Dates Refutation.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. H. E. PARKS.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term just closed are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers; $2 00 to others. Volumes 40, 41, 44, 45, for sale. Address THE CONSTITUTION office, Atlanta Ga.
june3—dtf

A little bird, says the Columbia, S. C., Register, tells us there is a new spirit abroad, and that there is no more stealing for radical officeholders in South Carolina.

THE Richmond Enquirer, established in 1804, and a leading paper before the first line of telegraph was built, has suspended publication. An effort will be made to revive it.

MISS ADELAIDE NEILSON'S terms exceed this season those of any other star—sixty-five per cent of the gross receipts. All her nights are filled except forty. According to her present programme she will not come south of Richmond.

THE radicals of the third congressional district have nominated "Camilla" Price, who has not resided in Georgia for six years. His address is Washington, D. C. He cannot change the latter letters to M. C. for the want of several thousand votes, besides the matter of citizenship.

THE Augusta Chronicle did propose, it seems, to multiply itself, to cover the state as it were. As Atlanta has only three daily papers, she certainly presents a good opening for a branch establishment of our prosperous Augusta contemporary, and the latter should let no pent-up Utica contract its powers.

A Washington special says that Carl Schurz, in a letter to a friend in that city, says: "The German vote in Ohio is arrayed against us, and there is danger we will lose the state." If the Germans have really decided to fight mit Tilden in November, Carl's head is level—only he should have used a stronger and more conclusive word than "danger."

OF the thirteen rural democratic members of congress from Missouri, all have been renominated except one. This is as it should be, of course with one exception. It is singular that the exceptions in both Missouri and Georgia should occur in districts numbered seven. Seven is getting to be an unlucky number.

THE iron organ of western Pennsylvania and Ohio, The American Manufacturer, admits that the Chattanooga iron market is from one-third to one-half lower than that of Pittsburg. The Chattanooga Times thinks it should have gone further and stated that quotations of pig iron in Chattanooga are below those of any other market in the world. The northern iron organs are beginning to do the southern iron and coal region justice.

THE Tennessee gubernatorial canvass was opened on Monday at Lebanon. Porter, Thomas, Yardley and Maney all put in an appearance. All spoke, including of course Yardley, who is a Knoxville gentman of color. The Knoxville Tribune thinks Thomas will withdraw if Maney keeps the field, and that Maney will not be a candidate if Yardley sticks. Gov. Porter is profoundly indifferent to the struggles of the illustrious trio.

SENATOR ALCORN, who is in Washington, "gives up" Mississippi. He says "the state has been lost to the republican party by the wretched management of the men now dominating the republican party of Mississippi, who, he says, have succeeded in misleading the president and thereby succeeded in securing the removal of federal officers and the appointment of a class of men who are distasteful because of their notoriously bad character, to the decent men of all parties in Mississippi."

IN referring to the challenge of a Texas city for the largest democratic state majority, the Athens Georgian says:

We are glad to see that that sterling advocate of the Georgia democracy, the Atlanta CONSTITUTION, has been true to that state pride and patriotism which it ever seeks to illustrate, and has accepted the challenge in behalf of our old "goober grabbing" commonwealth. We beg of our contemporary to keep the issue constantly before the people, and we now pledge, without the slightest doubt, quivocation or hesitation, a winning contribution on the part of Northeast Georgia.

THE Athens Georgian warns the stockholders of the Northeastern road against the formation of a ring to buy out their road. It adds:

The Georgia railroad has been too long subservient to Athens, and our enterprises to expect such sudden interest as it manifests at this time in our behalf, without our suspecting some selfish motive, at any rate on the part of some prominent stockholders. There are some important facts pertaining to this subject which we will try and submit to the stockholders of this road, ere their convention in October. At present we will only add, that "a hint to the wise should be sufficient."

DR. FELTON'S proposition for harmonizing "the discordant elements in the democratic party" permits *every voter*, be he democrat or radical, to take a hand, on the day of the gubernatorial election, in the selection of the democratic nominee. Such a proposition should not be entertained. Not should any proposition be entertained, now that the democracy have fairly and regularly selected an excellent nominee. All compromise propositions should be considered inadmissable; Dr. Felton's is objectionable in itself.

MR. FELTON formally announces himself an independent candidate for the forty-fifth congress. He promises to go in for the flag and several appropriations. He wants lots of appropriations. This want is the pithiest part of his letter of announcement. As a principal plank it is hardly sufficient; and we are confident that Mr. Felton will be greatly astonished next November by the overwhelming nature of his defeat. For the clans are gathering to maintain the integrity of the only party that can lead us to prosperity and happiness,

THE TROUBLES IN CHARLESTON.

The radical papers in the north do not know how to handle the latest effort of the negro bullies in Charleston. Those bullies were trying in so plain a manner to crush out all liberty of speech and opinion in their own race that the bloody-shirt organs are nonplussed. The facts are too plain for misrepresentation, and most of them believe that the least said the better. The Philadelphia Press however, "deplores the recent political riots at Stony Hollow, N. Y., and Charleston, S. C.," but it manages to weave into its article, not the truth of the cases, but misrepresentations deduced strictly from the necessities of the republican canvass. It has the shamelessness to say: "That the freedmen of Charleston saw their own flesh and blood cowardly selling themselves into a political slavery scarcely less degrading than the bondage of 1860, we do not wonder that they were seized with desperation and despair. It proceeds on the same astonishingly infamous line to excuse the acts of the negro outlaws in the late riots. "We cannot hold" it says, "the rioters altogether without excuse."

What a charming case of republican consistency! Their orators are shouting themselves hoarse in demanding liberty of speech and opinion in the south; and yet when a considerable number of negroes in Charleston conclude to join the democratic party and organize democratic clubs, it is good cause for rebellion, for bloody riots, for acts of "desperation and despair." What a beautiful thing the bloody-shirt party is anyway!

The troubles in Charleston were simply and wholly desperate and reckless efforts on the part of the radical leaders to prevent a stampede in the colored republican ranks. That is the secret of the five eventful days of turmoil. A large democratic club composed exclusively of colored men had been formed, and the radical majority was rapidly melting away. The riots were a deliberate and diabolical attempt to stop such desertions. The attempt did not and will not be allowed to succeed. The white democrats have resolved to protect the colored democrats to the fullest extent. The colored clubs have been so notified, and so have the radical leaders. Nor do the people of Charleston, who are now fully prepared for any emergency, propose to deal with the blacks alone. "Should there be a new conflict," says the News and Courier, "whatever the cause, the Mackeys and Bowens and Tafts, who can, if they choose, hold the black bullies in check, must be held to stern and swift account by the community whose bitter foe they are, now and always." This means business, and the radical leaders will be sure to heed it.

In fact they have already heeded it; for Bowen and Taft have taken steps, after a conference with the democratic committee, to secure peace. They have even promised to arrest the aggressors of the late riots. Whether they do this or not the whites have determined that the scenes of Wednesday night shall not be repeated, and they now possess the power to render this declaration effectual. The radical leaders understood that the whites are in a state of watchfulness and preparation. They also understood that democratic negroes must not be subjected to violence or injury. In this state of vigilance rests the security of Charleston from all manner of crimes. There will be no more riots in that city.

GOV. HENRY ALEXANDER WISE.

The death of this aged statesman occurred in Richmond at noon of Tuesday. It was preceded by a long illness that the noble old man heroically endured. His firmness and patience under excruciating agonies and sudden spasms, said the Petersburg Index-Appeal a few days ago, "are marvelous. Emaciated to skin and bone, a mere outline of the vigorous man of other days, his force of character and will still sustain him, and he endures great suffering and confronts death with composure. Though so weak in body that he is incapable of any physical exertion, his mind is still clear and strong, and he takes his usual interest in passing events. Although denied to visitors generally, he gladly received Gen. Mahone a few days since, his eye kindling to its ancient brilliancy in greeting a comrade in arms. He said that his race was run, and he now awaited the summons hence with a certainty that it was near at hand. He reviewed the political situation with his usual acuteness and independence, but as one done with the affairs of this world." Such was the old leader on his death bed.

He was born in Accomac county, Virginia, in 1806; was admitted to the bar in 1828, and served in the federal house of representatives from 1833 to 1843. His first congressional canvass led to a duel, in which he fractured the arm of his opponent. He was Mr. Graves' second in the duel that resulted in the death of Mr. Cilley, of Maine. Elected as an adherent of General Jackson, he soon became a partizan of President Tyler, whose nomination for vice-president he was instrumental in securing. Mr. Tyler appointed him minister to Brazil in 1844, after the senate had refused to confirm him as minister to France. After his return to this country he became once more identified with the democratic party, and in 1854 he, after a memorable and arduous electioneering campaign, beat the know nothings and was elected governor of Virginia by a handsome majority. In 1859 he signed the death warrant of John Brown. When Virginia voted to join the confederacy, he entered heartily into the war, serving first in the Kanawha valley, and afterwards at Roanoke island, where his son, Captain Wise, was killed.

These are a few of the leading facts in a life of remarkable interest and varied fortune. With all its eccentricities he ever maintained a strong hold on the popular heart of his native state, and his death is greatly lamented, especially in Richmond. Thus passed away another link that bound us to a past that now seems almost like a beautiful dream.

CROPS IN GEORGIA.

The August report of the state department of agriculture puts the cotton crop at fifteen per cent below an average, a loss in a month of nineteen per cent. This loss is partly attributed to rust, but chiefly to the shedding of squares, blooms and bolls on account of the heat and drought of the last three or four weeks. Dade, Effingham, Forsyth, Franklin, Greene, Haralson, Heard, Johnson, Lincoln, Lumpkin, Miller, Monroe, Polk, Richmond, Taylor and Webster are the only counties that report an average crop. Many of the reports say the crop will be gathered by the first of November. We also give this morning an Atlanta letter, taken from the New York Daily Bulletin, that gives a different view of the subject. We are inclined to think that the department is nearer the truth.

The corn crop is six per cent above an average, or twenty-one per cent better than the crop of last September. It is certain, says Commissioner Janes, that an abundant supply of corn has been made.

Of the other crops, sugar cane is estimated at ninety-four per cent, field peas, ground peas, chufas and sweet potatoes, each at a little below an average; while sorghum is a little above par.

The answers received by the department show that the amount of supplies bought on credit this year is about 39 per cent less than last year, and yet it is estimated that the farmers of the state will this year pay in interest on supplies so purchased, $2,720,000. The gain of thirty-nine per cent is chiefly attributed to the large crop of fall-sown oats. The department therefore urges the farmers to early sow large areas of rust-proof winter-grazing oats. We need a still larger oat crop even if the corn cribs are full. Twenty-eight per cent. of the farmers bought exclusively for cash this year, a gain of eight per cent. This is glory enough for one year, but we we must not let the revolution go backwards even for a single season.

The grasshopper scare proved to be without foundation. The poor slandered insects were natives, and no fears are expressed of an alarming increase next year. The species have never eaten up the crops of the state, and probably never will.

GEN. COLQUITT informs the Augusta people who invited him to speak in their city during the canvass, that existing engagements will not permit him to do so before the 26th inst. He is up in the mountains at present, talking to the wool-hat boys.

FACT AND COMMENT.

IT is not true that Geo. Wm. Curtis graduated from Vassar college.

THE Prince Imperial begins next autumn his two years tour of Europe and America, his baptism of travel, as it were.

MR. J. TYLER, a son of ex-President Tyler, has become a minister of the M. E. church south.

LIEUT.-GOV. DORSHEIMER is going to Ohio to make speeches for Tilden in German and English.

MR. BAYARD TAYLOR has seen every word's fair yet held, and he considers the centennial the most interesting and complete of them all.

HORATIO SEYMOUR is a bolter. He is the only democrat who wouldn't support the nominee of his party for governor.

EX-GOV. WARMOUTH will return to Louisiana this week, and open his war-mouth in favor of Hayes—and some kind of an office.

TWEED ought not to have traveled under the name of Secor. It is a name of suspicion the world over. He might as well have assumed the name of Robeson.

IN August New York did the best business it has done for years. Let us hope that it marks an Augustan era of commercial regeneration all over the country.

OFFICIALS throughout the Japanese empire will shortly be compelled to adopt the foreign style of dress, and all males to abandon the native style of coiffure.

GRANT'S losses on his Missouri farm thus far amount to $10,000. His attempt to raise India rubber trees by planting old gum shoes was a total failure.

"THERE must be a change of administration if Tilden is elected you will buy three stockings for a pair," says the New York Herald. In that event two pairs would beat a flush.

THE Presbyterian Southern assembly propose to found a denominational institute for the training of a colored ministry. It does not see much progress in the building up of an African Presbyterian church on the basis of intelligence, spiritual piety and sound doctrine without such an institution. At first a house is to be hired and the expenses are to be kept within $2 000, to be raised by collection in the churches.

BARON GRANT has at length disposed of his great new house at Kensington. The purchaser is the Duke of Northumberland. The sum paid to Mr Grant for the mansion is less by 25,000 pounds than the outlay for the building and decorations. The contract for furniture, which amounts to 85,000 pounds, is taken over by the Duke of Northumberland.

A PARTY that can so grandly rise above its prejudices as the democratic party has done in Massachusetts by the nomination of Charles Francis Adams, its life long and hereditary enemy, certainly deserves to success. It also shows that when it declares itself in favor of reform it means precisely what it says.

GENERAL JOSEPH HOLMAN, who has been nominated for congress by the democrats of Dakota, is a cousin of Wm S Holman of Indiana, a lawyer of ability and a man of the centrical powers. He was district attorney for Utah under president Pierce, and has since resided in Nebraska, Iowa and Dakota exclusively. The present delegate from Dakota is Jerome P Kidder, a republican, who was elected over Moses K Armstrong by a majority of 2,93 two years ago.

WE saw a mosquito work about ten minutes yesterday trying to get his bill through the skin of a man who owes us two years subscription. How we laughed at that demoralized little insect as, with a look of disgust, he folded up his little bill, placed it in his pocket, and went for another victim.—White hall Times.

IN the first six months of 1875, 56,414 emigrants arrived at Castle Garden. In the same period of this year the arrivals are 44,939. The total arrivals in 1875 were 84,440; against 140,000 in 1874, and 257,000 in 1873. The Jewish emigrants exceeded the Irish in number. Russia, Sweden, Norway and Denmark sent us nearly 11,000 last year. This year already 3,473 Russians have arrived.

A MYSTERIOUS benefactor has given Harvard college $18,500. The following letter accompanied the gift: "We take pleasure in being the medium of inclosing herewith one check on the National Webster bank for $18,500, the amount being given to Harvard by one of its alumni for the use of the college. The conditions are that the name is in no way to be mentioned while he is alive; he is particular in his own investments as to their security, and says: 'The money must be invested in some permanent manner, not in Western stocks, nor such stuff as the Eastern railroads; I should prefer New England stock.' Nine tenths of the income is to be used for the ordinary expenses of the college, such as helping to pay the professors' salaries; the other tenth to be added to the principal continually, to cover losses by changing investments and perhaps increase the original sum."

The Misdirection of the Bile.

The misdirection of the bile, a symptom which issues from the liver is positive and the bowels torpid, produces a number of bodily ills. The blood becomes contaminated with the bilious fluid, causing the skin and the whites of the eyes to assume a yellowish tinge; dyspepsia and nausean supervene, the tongue becomes furred, the breath foetid, there are pains in the side and between the shoulder blades, the urine is high colored and deposits, and in aggravated cases jaundice and inflammation of the liver ensues. All these consequences may be prevented or obviated by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a vegetable alterative tonic which stimulates the inactive liver to exert itself in secreting and directing the bile, acts naturally upon the bowels and removes every trace of infectious sept6-sewlw

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of mental over-work, indiscretions or excesses, etc., restored in the system by HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Sees unsolicited years with perfect success by Dr. Humphreys. Sold by dealers. Price, $1 00 per single vial, or $5 00 per package of five vials and $2 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE Co's Office 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. *** All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance, and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

MY NEW STORE on Peachtree street, which is acknowledged to be one of the best retail grocery stands in Atlanta, is for rent. R. J. Griffin. sep14—d1t

WANTED—A man in every town in the State, to sell "Kelly's Lightning Polish." Address W. G Robinson, Jr., Peachtree street Atlanta, Georgia. sep14—d1t

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A good Carriage Blacksmith. Spence & Jarvis, 44 Lane street, Atlanta, Georgia sep14—d2t

NEW YORK BOARDING—33 West 33d Street, Central location. Moderate charges. Superior board. Family and single rooms. july11—d2taw1m

FOR RENT—A five room dwelling, pleasantly located on corner Fair and Pulliam street. Rent cheap. Apply to S. Kennedy, Pulliam street. sep10—d3t

A GENTLEMAN owns a four acre block in West End, near street cars, on Lee street, wants to build on half of the lot, and sell the other half for funds to build with. Prefers to sell to some one who will improve. Lot beautifully located, nice grove and lies well. Address O., this office. sep7—d1t

FOR SALE—The property of Mrs. Eckford situated in Edgewood, Georgia, 3½ miles from Atlanta. A comfortable house and six acres of land. For further information call on C. G. Eckford, at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co, sep6—d3w

FOR RENT—A good finished house, 171 Forsyth street, below Garnett. Apply next door at Mihalovitch's. sep3—dtf

ADVERTISE in the Annual Trade Review of the Constitution, Sept. 20th aug26-dtf

New Advertisements.

THE MISSES SKINNER

Will open in Atlanta, September 14, a

Boarding and Day School

OF HIGH ORDER.

Application can be made to the Principals, 104 E. Peters street.

Reference—Rev. Mr. Foute. [aug3—d3mw1t

Notice in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT of the United States—Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of John D Dunn, Bankrupt—No. 1,947.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any they have, before Register L. T. Downing, at his office in the Virginia House, (Hotel) in Newnan, Georgia, on the 7th day of October, 1876, at 10 o'clock a. m., why the above named Bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts.

The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.

sep14—d1aw2w A. E BUCK, Clerk.

Fall Opening

FOR THE

CENTENNIAL.

GENTLEMEN who intend visiting the Centennial, or desire to be well dressed, at home, will find it to their interest to give me a call, at

No. 10 Alabama Street.

I have a beautiful and varied line of

Gentlemen's Goods,

and am prepared to furnish suits of the

Latest Styles,

and at prices that will prove satisfactory to all who may honor me with their patronage.

A. SATZKY.

sep12—d1tues-thur&sun

Administrator's Sale.

ON THE FIRST TUESDAY IN OCTOBER next, I will sell before the Court House at Clarksville, Georgia, all the interest of the estate of the late Abbott H. Brisbam, in the lots of land hereinafter named, situated around and at the Falls of the Tallulah River in Habersham county and in Rabun county, Georgia, to-wit:

An undivided third part of lots numbers 174, 183, 185 and 193 on the west bank of that river in Habersham county, and of lots numbers 10, 11, 12 and 18 on the east bank of that river in Rabun county.

And an undivided half part of lots numbers 176 and 194 in the 6th district of Rabun county, on said Falls.

Sold by order of the Ordinary of Worth county, for the benefit of heirs and legatees of said deceased.

Terms—One-third cash; one-third in one year; one-third in two years.

CHAS. N. WEST, Administrator
sep13—d3tawtd L. B. N. C. T. A.

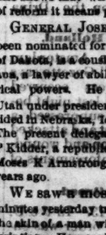
Prof. AUGUST SCHULTZE

AND HIS WIFE,

Mad. Vonder-Hoya Schultze

BEG to announce that they are prepared to receive pupils in different branches of Music, as English, German and Italian Singing, Cultivation and Formation of the Voice; Pianoforte and Violin Playing. For terms and particulars apply at Phillips & Crew's music store, or G. P. Gulford, Whitehall street. sep12-d1w

LEA & PERRINS'



Worcestershire Sauce.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
july14—Slowly,season NEW YORK.

Richmond House,

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA

Clean and comfortable beds, food and liquid of the first class, prompt and polite attention.

Excellent Accommodation

FOR

SUMMER VISITORS

AT

Reduced Rates.

Free transportion for guests and baggage to the house on street cars. Rates of board moderate. Single meal 50 cents.
july7—dtf J. B CRAIG, Prop'r.

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE

To-Night, September 14th.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Savannah Sufferers.

BY THE

Atlanta Dramatic Association.

When will be presented the Balcony Scene from

ROMEO AND JULIET

and the Great Comedy,

CASTE!

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. Reserved seats for sale at Phillips & Crew's bookstore without extra charge. sep14-dit.

CITIZENS' CONCERT!!

BENEFIT OF THE

Savannah Sufferers!

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Saturday Evening, Sept. 16. '76

Admission 50 Cents.

The gross receipts to be given to the poor and afflicted.

No Expense.

"Come, Show Your Charity."
sept13—dtf

Our Trade Issue

For Year Ending

Sept. 20, 1876.

Every Merchant Should Advertise in it.

Every Business Man's Name should be in it.

20,000 Copies of it should be Circulated in the Interests of Atlanta.

Business Men from all parts of the State should

Advertise In It.

It will present one of the finest advertising opportunities ever known in Georgia.
sep12—dtf

Atlanta and West Point Railroad

TIME TABLES.

To take effect Saturday, July 1st, 1876, 2:00 A. M

No. 1 Noon Mail and Pass'ger Train—Out

STATIONS.	ARRIVE	LEAVE
Atlanta		1:35 pm
East Point	1:55	1:55
Red Oak	2:11	2:16
Fairburn	2:31	2:51
Palmetto	3:06	3:07
Powell's	3:27	3:27
Newnan	3:42	3:43
Puckett's	3:57	4:01
Grantville	4:16	4:.7
Hogansville	4:31	4:32
Whitfield's	4:51	4:51
LaGrange	5:09	5:09
Long Cane	5:33	5:39
West Point	5:51	

No. 2 Evening Mail and Pass. Train—In

West Point	10:56 a m
Long Cane	11:10
LaGrange	11:37
Whitfield's	11:54
Hogansville	12:13
Grantville	12:27
Puckett's	12:45
Newnan	1:00
Powell's	1:14
Palmetto	1:33
Fairburn	1:47
Red Oak	2:16
East Point	2:34
Atlanta	2:51

No. 3 Day Freight Train—Outward.

Atlanta	7:00 a m
East Point	7:25
Red Oak	7:50
Fairburn	8:30
Palmetto	8:55
Powell's	9:30
Newnan	10:00
Puckett's	10:30
Grantville	11:00
Hogansville	11:45
Whitfields	12:33 p m
LaGrange	1:30
Long Cane	2:30
West Point	3:00

No. 4 Day Freight Train—Inward.

West Point	9:00 a m
Long Cane	9:25
LaGrange	9:55
Whitfield	10:40
Hogansville	11:10
Grantville	11:45
Puckett's	12:05
Newnan	12:35
Powell's	1:05
Palmetto	1:40
Fairburn	2:00
Red Oak	2:30
East Point	2:55
Atlanta	3:30

Nos. 1 and 2 will run daily. Nos. 3 and 4 daily except Sunday.

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.

& HARNESS

MANUFACTURER,

96 Whitehall Street,

EVERYTHING NOT IN STOCK MADE TO order. Come and examine goods and prices. Special Rates to Wholesale Buyers.

D. MORGAN,
mar11—d6m Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta & Richmond

AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

COMMENCING

Sunday June 4th, 1876

LEAVE ATLANTA:

3:00 p. m. Daily—Through Express Passenger.
3:00 p. m. Daily (except Sunday)—New Richland Passenger.
8:50 a. m. Daily (except Sunday)—Freight and Accommodation.

ARRIVE ATLANTA:

1:30 p. m. Daily—Through Express Passenger.
9:00 a. m. All (except Sunday)—New Richland Passenger.
7:30 p. m. (except Sunday)—Freight and Accommodation.

Express Passenger Trains going East make close connections at Danville for Lynchburg, Washington, and all Eastern Cities; and at Richmond for Washington and all Eastern cities, arriving at all points East, by either line.

Ten Hours in Advance

of trains leaving Atlanta, in the evening, by any other line.

Express Passenger Trains West make close connections at Richmond and Danville with trains leaving New York at 9 p. m., arriving in Atlanta—

Nine Hours in Advance

of any other line.

Entire Trains, including SLEEPERS and PARLOR CARS, will run through to Richmond without change. Passengers holding through tickets will be entitled to privilege of Parlor cars without extra charge.

JOHN B. PECK,
Superintendent
may1—dtf

Garrett's Scotch Snuff

In Tins and in Packages.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Cashmere Bouquet Soap

and a large stock of assorted

Toilet Soaps,

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR RELIABLE

Paints & Oils.

We have a large stock of the best quality of goods in this line, and our prices are low.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.
sep10—dtf

Business Cards.

R. DOYLE,

Practical Slater,

16 Broad Street, near the Bridge,

ATLANTA..... GEORGIA.

PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the lowest prices. A large assortment of the best Roofing Slates and of Different Colors always on hand. Slating done in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited. *Similia Similibus Curantur*

DR. I. N. RAGER,

Homœopathist.

OFFICE, 63 Whitehall street, up-stairs. Residence 156 Thompson street.
july13,1876—dly

Marietta Chair Factory.

MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

BRUMBY & MYERS, Proprietors.

THE best standard Chair and the lowest prices guaranteed. Send for our reduced price list and photographs before sending your orders elsewhere aug20—tuthsp30,1877

L. L. THOMASSON,

DEALER IN

Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,

FLOUR, &c., Market street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New Fire-proof Warehouse at foot of Market street. apr30.1876—dly

Dentists.

ROLLAND & CRENSHAW,

DENTISTS.

Office, 33 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA
June1 7, 1876—dly

L. D. CARPENTER,

Dentist.

No. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta, Georgia.

ARTHUR C. FORD,

DENTIST

69 Crew Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. McDonough Street Cars pass the door.

Lawyers.

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office, No. 5 Kimball House, next to Georgia Banking and Trust Co—First Floor, Entrance on Wall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Strict attention given to business. Collections promptly remitted. Will practice in the Supreme Court of the State, the United States Circuit and District Courts at Atlanta, the Superior Court and Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, and in the City Court of Atlanta. aug20,1876—dly

JOHN L. HOPKINS. JOHN T. GLENN.

HOPKINS & GLENN,

Attorneys at Law,

ATLANTA, GA.

aug6—dlm

T. H. S. BROBSTON,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

ROOM No. 2 Austell's building, corner Pryor and Decatur streets. aug8,1876—d6m

JOHN W. OWEN,

Attorney at Law,

TOCCOA CITY, GA.

WILL practice in the counties of Habersham, Hall, Banks and Franklin. Special attention given to collections. aug1,1876—d6m

J. S. JAMES,

Attorney at Law,

DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to John. H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. J. M. James, Ordinary of Douglas, and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county. dec10,1875—d&w12m

W. L. MARLER. HENRY PERRY.

MARLER & PERRY,

Attorneys at Law,

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties. jane20,1876—dly

S. W. BALDWIN,

Attorney at Law,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo. W. Adair. june9—dtf

POPE BARROW,

Attorney at Law,

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Clarke, Jackson, Oconee, Madison, Oglethorpe and Wilkes. Collections made and promptly remitted. jan25, 1876—dly

JOHN V. EDGE,

Attorney at Law,

DOUGLASSVILLE, GA.

WILL practice in Douglas, Campbell, Carroll and Paulding counties, and adjoining counties by contract. Special attention given to collections. june23,1876—d6mo

JACKSON & THOMAS,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 4 Broad Street, ATHENS, GA.

WILL practice in the Courts of the State march 1, 1876—dly

HENRY C. RONEY,

Attorney at Law,

THOMSON, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the Augusta, Northern and Middle Circuits and Supreme Court of the State. Prompt attention given to collections dec25—dtf

C. A. THORNWELL,

Attorney at Law,

ROME, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention collections. mar.0.1876—d12m

J. A. McWHORTER,

Attorney at Law,

GREENESBORO, GEORGIA

WILL give prompt attention to the business intrusted to his care. Will attend regularly the Courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Collection of claims a specialty. march12,18.6—dly

C. A. LOCHRANE,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

mar22—dtf

HENRY JACKSON, Reporter of Supreme Court. J. H. LUMPKIN.

JACKSON & LUMPKIN,

Attorneys at Law,

214 ALABAMA STREET.

PRACTICE in the State and Federal Courts. Special attention given to business before the Supreme Court. mar9—dtf

JAMES A. HARLEY,

Attorney at Law.

SPARTA, GEORGIA.

aug9—d1y

EDWARD J. REAGAN,

Attorney at Law,

HAMPTON, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to commercial and other collections. nov5,1875—dly

J. A. ANSLEY,

Attorney at Law

AMERICUS, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15,1875—d1y

Life Insurance.

JANUARY 1, 1876.

THE

Connecticut Mutual Life

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Thirtieth Annual Statement.

Gross Assets, Jan. 1, 1876, $43,494,650 92

Surplus over Liabilities, 4,004,851 92

Ratio of Expense to Income 7 55-100 per cent.

The following is a table showing the amount of Premiums paid by the persons whose initials appear, for their respective polices, to which I invite the attention of thinking men. I have taken these few policies so as to show how the premiums gradually decrease, some show the 1st, 2nd, 3d and 4th premium. I invite examination of older policies.

No. of Policy	Date of Policy.	Name.	Residence.	Age	Amount Insured.	Amount of 1st Premium	Prem 1873	Prem 1874	Prem 1875	Prem 1876
97678	1870	W. T. M.	Coleparches	32	10000	515.30	365.10	358.80	352.20	346.20
99788	1870	A. M. T.	Savannah	39	3000	90.27	67.29	64.15	62.43	61.26
99849	1870	A. M. T.	Atlanta	30	400	90.56	65.04	65.04	62.43	6 .94
100158	1870	L. K.	Savannah	27	5000	101.35	74.95	74.95	71.55	70.40
102330	1870	J. B.	Savannah	38	5000	145.15	106.10	105.35	100.45	98.60
102752	1870	W. L. G.	Atlanta	33	2500	61.73	41.85	44.48	42.66	41.91
109704	1871	W. H. T.	Savannah	27	5000	104.85	74.95	74.25	71.55	70.40
110813	1871	R. R. B.	Savannah	35	5000	99.20	90.40	79.60	76.31	74.05
112908	1871	H. R.	Savannah	33	5000	267.96	209.96	208.26	205.29	189.46
113223	1871	J. A. B.	Savannah	34	5000	96.80	72.65	72.85	71.85	66.05
113363	1871	G. A. W.	Jacksonville	44	5000	182.20	140.75	139.70	137.45	196.95
114273	1871	A. S.	Savannah	35	5000	319.90	251.40	250.95	236.70	218.50
114913	1872	I. Y. W.	Jacksonville	38	5000	145.15	116.05	113.00	111.30	109.55
119750	1872	I. Y.	Savannah	39	5000	150.75	120.40	117.05	115.30	113.45
119752	1872	W. M.	Savannah	35	10000	263 60	209.60	204.10	202.00	198.00
119753	1872	H. M.	Savannah	42	5000	168 45	136.65	130.95	128.90	126.80
119915	1 72	E A. W.	Savannah	38	5000	145.15	116.05	113.30	111.30	109.55

Any further information that may be desired concerning this old Company will be cheerfully furnished by either of the undersigned.

ROBT. R. BREN,
General Agent for Georgia and Florida.
OFFICE at Georgia Banking and Trust Co., Kimball House.

W. B. WYNNE,
District Agent for Middle and Upper Georgia,
OFFICE 28 KIMBALL HOUSE.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

HARTFORD, CONN., March 6, 1876.

To THE MEMBERS OF THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.:

We, the undersigned, elected Auditors for the year 1875, hereby certify that we have carefully examined the books, accounts, vouchers, and assets of THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, for the year ending December 31, 1875; that we find said books and accounts truly kept; the proper vouchers to be in the possession of the Company, and the said Company to be in actual possession and ownership of the assets claimed by it; and the accompanying statement, by the Secretary, of the receipts, disbursements, and assets of the said Company is true and correct.

GEO. W. ROOT,
E. WADSWORTH,
Auditors.

sept3-d2aw5w

Ice.

ICE! ICE!

Cunningham's Warehouse.

aug30—dtf

Saddles, Harness, &c.

J. T. GATHRIGHT, D. M.

Just Arrived and In Store

Haviland's & Co.'s, of Limoges, France, plain, decorated chamber, dinner, and tea sets, in China.

T. R. Boote's, of Burslem, Staffordshire, England, (best known maker of England) white granite earthenware.

Clementson Bro.'s, of Hanley, C. C. ware.

John Edward's, of Tenson Staff, heavy hotel, also light Havre porcelian ware.

Mason's porcelain-lined and the well known gem jars, jelly tumblers, stone jars, butter tubs, porcelain-lined yellow ware.

Merchants and housekeepers, such as want good wares are invited to come and examine. Goods sold only for cash, thereby no per centage is laid on for losses, at HENRY SELTZER'S,

Corner Broad and Walton streets.

aug6—d3m-sun&thur-o-g-n

JUST SIXTEEN YEARS AGO.

BY J. A STEWART.

There was a time—a fearful time
When patriot hearts beat low;
When wolves hushed to a hispers soft
Foretold the country's woe—
When ambition's maddened zeal
To strike the fatal blow,
Provoked rebellion in the south
Just sixteen years ago

A mania came upon the north—
A morbid factious ze-l,
Unmindful of their neighbor's rights,
And of their country's weal;
A higher law was there proclaimed—
The union's deadly foe—
And John Brown's raid came marchin
son h
'Bout sixteen years ago.

Commenced up north the higher law,
And there began the raid,
To overr n the prosperous south
And satiate their greed;
To drive us off, then whip us back,
And make us feel the woe,
Of daring to resist their threats,
Just sixteen years ago.

They would not let us go in peace;
They would not let us stay;
They would not yield to compromise;
The negroes must be free.
Our Douglas and our Crittenden
Still urged us not to go.
And this was in the congress of
Just s xteen years ago.

Ten years have flown since peace was made—
Ten years have passed away;
And still the higher law men rule
And still they have their sway;
In power yet—they cannot yield
Nor subsidies forego.
It is the same rude higher law
Of sixteen years ago.

They yet engage in lawless work:
The negroes being free
Have, some of them, assayed to vote
The strait democracy;
The union leagues are up in arms
And swear this shan't be so;
For if allowed, their game is up,
Of sixteen years ago.

Their game is up—or soon will be;
The bloody shirt is stale—
It fails, our people to provoke,
And truth will yet prevail
Their slanders now are on the wane
Their stock is getting low;
Its hoard to yield—the higher law—
Of sixteen years ago

The south is now no more for war—
Is to the union true—
The lessons of the bloody past
Are constant held in view;
The pleadings of a Douglas comes
In accents deep and low;
The words of counsel to us all
Just sixteen years ago.

Fight in the union if we must;
The law's our surest shield;
The constitution and the laws
To wrong should never yield.
If madmen violate their trust,
Or a m a traitor's blow,
Then hang them, as we hung Joh Brown,
'Bout sixteen years ago.

State Politics.

DEMOCRATIC.

—J. G. Gamble of Chattooga county has been nominated for senator in the 42d district.

—M. M. Sheats has been nominated for representative in Oconee county by primary election.

—John Wilcox is a candidate for representative in Telfair county.

—James Pearson is a candidate for representative in Coffee county.

—The democrats of McIntosh county are going to set square down on all independent candidates.

—If there is any name in Georgia better known than that of David E Butler, outside of prominent officials or noted ex-officials, we don't know it.—Blakely News.

—There is a difference between an independent candidate and an independent voter. The independent voter votes for the best man, without regard to party. The independent candidate goes for himself without regard to the interest of the voter.

—H. P. Brewer has been nominated for representative in Effingham county.

—Felder Lang has been renominated for representative in Chatham county.

—Mr. John L. D. Hillyer, formerly of Forsyth, is announced as a candidate for the legislature from Macon county.

—In nominations by delegates from the militia districts they say they are manipulated. In nominations at the primary elections, they are tipulated.—Conyers Register.

—It is no time for independent candidates, and we cannot understand how it is that any man can, at a time like this do anything to weaken the democracy, the only hope of salvation for our country.

—John C. Drake, a candidate for representative in Upson county has the following good square platform.

1st. I am opposed now and forever to the payment of the fraudulent Bullock bonds in any shape or form, conceived, as they were, in sin and brought forth in iniquity.

2d. I am opposed uncompromisingly to the cutting or taking away one foot of our county territory to make new counties.

3d. I am in favor of retrenchment and reform in every department of our state government, from the highest to the lowest position.

4th. I am in favor of giving every aid possible and fostering every agricultural and mechanical interest, for upon it depends the future prosperity of our state and country.

REPUPLICAN.

—W P Pierce, the instigator of the Camilla riot, has been nominated for congress in the third district.

—Norcross, Atkins and Akerman are expected at Gainesville on the 20th.

—We have reliable information that Col D S Johnson, formerly of this, but now of Morgan county, is a regular loud-mouthed "bloody shirt" radical of the Morton and Beast Butler stripe. He is a candidate for the legislature in a county which the blacks considerably predominate in number, and it is said that in his speech as to them he pursues the regular radical role.—Blakely News.

—Jesse A. Glenn, independent republican candidate for representative in Whitfield county proposes to revolutionize matters, solons volens. He says: If elected I will see to it that the following measures of reform are adopted: a proper reduction of the salaries of all the officers in the state, commencing with the governor and coming down to the members of the legislature. The legislature shall only have its constitutional number of clerks. The bureau men, commissioners and superintendents shall be abolished. I shall advocate a change in the jury system; the court can be holden with 12 traverse jurymen and 12 grand jurymen; cases can be tried before seven jurymen as safely as before twelve men. The judge should have authority to discharge grand or traverse jurymen when their services are not required, and have the right to summons other jurors in emergencies should arise. The taxes should be received by the justices of the peace in their district at one-half the present wages and collected by the sheriff at one-half the present commissions. The justices of the peace should have jurisdiction to try and dispose of all small offences, misdemeanors. If the accused demand a jury, allow the right or the justice to try the case upon proper waiver. I will advocate the repeal of the old judgment or exemption lien law. The civil jurisdiction of justices of the peace should be changed so as to sue for $500 in their courts with stay of execution for a reasonable time or appeal.

New Advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1842.

J. T. Weaver & Co

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign Fruits,

—AND—

FANCY GROCERIES,

Cincinnati, Ohio.

sep8—d3mo

MRS. M. RAWLS,

(LATE OF SAVANNAH.)

DRESS-MAKING,

46 WHITEHALL STREET,

Opposite Clarke's Building, ATLANTA, GA.

sep1 -2t

NOTICE!

Important

—TO—

SHIPPERS.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE
CENTRAL RAILROAD,
SAVANNAH, GA., September 4, 1876.

TWO, and if necessary, THREE STEAMERS A WEEK will sail from Savannah for New York No passengers will be taken until further notice. Mr. Wadley is now in New York and telegraphs the health officer will allow our Steamers to enter port on the fifth day from Savannah provided there is no sickness aboard. Shipments of COTTON destined to New York will be delivered at Central Railroad Wharf, this avoiding hauling through the city and delay.

WM. ROGERS,
sep7—d1w General Superintendent.

WINSHIP IRON WORKS
SAW MILLS GRIST MILLS
MILL GEARING
SHAFTING, PULLEYS & C.
HORSE POWERS SORGHUM MILLS
THE CELEBRATED
WINSHIP COTTON GIN
THE WINSHIP COTTON PRESS
FOR STEAM, HORSE, OR HAND POWER.
ADDRESS WINSHIP & BRO.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS ATLANTA GA.

WASON CAR and FOUNDRY CO.

Manufacturers of

Railroad Freight Cars,

CAR WHEELS,

—AND—

Castings of all Kinds.

General Machine & Smith Shops

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

CHARLES WASON.....President.
W. H PARKER.....Superintendent.
F. P. MORRILL.....Secretary and Treasurer.
aug19—d2mo

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm of W. A. Hemphill & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent

W. A. HEMPHILL.
E. Y. CLARKE.
F. P. T. FINCH.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1, 1876. sep5—d1m

RESERVOIR FLOURING MILLS.

JOHN J. McCANN, Supt.

HOLDING, WILKES & HANCOCK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,

AND DEALERS IN

Grain, Bran & Breadstuffs,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

☞ Correspondence and orders solicited.

aug20 d1m

WM. E. TANNER. ALEX. DELANY

NORTON C. NEWTON,

METROPOLITAN WORKS,

CANAL STREET,

FROM FIFTH TO SEVENTH.

Richmond, Va.

ENGINES, PORTABLE AND STATIONARY.

SAW-MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS OF BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c.

AGRICULTURAL IRON WORKS,

in all its branches, done by experienced hands.

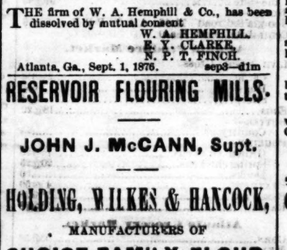
We call spe..l attention to our Improved Portable Engines for agricultural purposes.

A number of second-hand ENGINES and BOILERS of various patterns, in first-rate order, on hand.

Repair work solicited promptly done.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.

may19—d&wtu



A GREAT DISCOVERY.

By the use of which every family may give their Linen that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'.

DOBBINS, BRO. & CO.,
13 N. Fourth st., Philadelphia.
P. & G. T. DODD & CO., Sole Agents, Atlanta.
aug1-d&wtf

New Advertisements.

Centennial Route

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE

LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI

SHORT LINE

RAILROAD.

The Quickest, Best & Only Route

With which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia,

New York

And other Eastern Cities

Without Change

This is the only line running through Pullman Southern Sleeping Cars from New Orleans, Mobile, Jackson, Miss., Montgomery, Grenada, Decatur, Jackson, Tenn., and Nashville to Cincinnati without change, connecting at that point with all lines running Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers to Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Albany, Salamanca, and New York without change.

This is the only line running its entire trains between Louisville and Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities (not in through sleeping cars) can avoid a tedious haul through the city of Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction with L. & C. R. R., three miles south of the city, where an elegant Dining Hall is located, under the management of the Railroad Companies.

Through Sleepers from Atlanta, Chattanooga, Little Rock, Memphis and Vicksburg, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York, Philadelphia, and other cities via this line.

During the Centennial

Exhibition at Philadelphia Tickets via this Line will be sold at all ticket offices in the South and southwest at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE

No Other Line Can Equal It.

J. R. KELLY, Gen'l Ticket Agent
JOHN KILKENY, Gen'l Pass. Agent,
JOHN MAC LEOD, Gen'l Sup't
aug8—dtf Louisville, Ky.

Centennial Exhibition

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS GREAT INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, DESIGNED to COMMEMORATE the ONE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, WILL OPEN MAY 10th AND CLOSE NOVEMBER 10th, 1876. All the Nations of the world and all the States and Territories of the Union will participate, bringing together the most comprehensive collection of art treasures, mechanical inventions, scientific discoveries, manufacturing achievements, mineral specimens, and agricultural products ever exhibited. The grounds devoted to the Exhibition are situated on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad and embrace [illegible] acres of Fairmount Park, all highly improved and ornamented on which are erected the largest buildings ever constructed—five of these covering an area of fifty acres and costing $5,000,000. The total number of buildings erected for the purpose of the Exhibition is over one hundred.

The Pennsylvania Railroad

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE

AND FAST

Mail Route of the United States,

will be most direct, convenient and economical way of reaching Philadelphia and this great Exhibition from all sections of the country. Its trains to and from Philadelphia will pass through a GRAND CENTENNIAL DEPOT, which the Company have erected at the Main Entrance to the Exhibition Grounds for the accommodation of passengers who wish to stop at or start from the numerous large hotels contiguous to this station and the Exhibition—a convenience of the greatest value to visitors, and afforded exclusively by the Pennsylvania Railroad, which is THE ONLY LINE RUNNING DIRECT TO THE CENTENNIAL BUILDINGS. Excursion trains will also stop at the Encampment of the Patrons of Husbandry, at Elm Station, on this road.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD IS THE GRANDEST RAILWAY ORGANIZATION IN THE WORLD. IT CONTROLS SEVEN THOUSAND MILES OF ROADWAY, FORMING CONTINUOUS LINES TO PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON, OVER WHICH LUXURIOUS DAY AND NIGHT CARS ARE RUN FROM CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS, COLUMBUS, TOLEDO, CLEVELAND, AND ERIE, WITHOUT CHANGE.

Its main line is laid with double and third tracks of heavy steel rails, upon a deep bed of broken stone ballast, and its bridges are all of iron or stone. Its passenger trains are equipped with every known improvement for comfort and safety, and are run at faster speed for greater distances than the trains of any line on the continent. The Company has largely increased its equipment for Centennial travel, and will be prepared to build in its own shops locomotives and passenger cars at short notice sufficient to fully accommodate any extra demand. The unequalled resources at the command of the Company guarantee the most perfect accommodation for all its patrons during the Centennial Exhibition.

THE MAGNIFICENT SCENERY for which the Pennsylvania Railroad is so justly celebrated presents to the traveler over its perfect roadway an ever-changing panorama of river, mountain and landscape views unequalled in America.

THE EATING-STATIONS on this line are unsurpassed. Meals will be furnished at suitable hours and ample time allowed for enjoying them.

EXCURSION TICKETS, at reduced rates, will be sold at all principal Railroad Ticket Offices in the West, North-West, South-West.

BE SURE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ VIA THE GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO THE CENTENNIAL.

ASK THOMPSON, Gen'l Manager. D. M. BOYD, Jr., Gen'l Pass'r Agent
—d1aw

Catoosa Springs for Sale.

RARE CHANCE for INVESTMENT

By consent of all parties in interest, will be sold on

Thursday, Sept. 21, 1876,

at public outcry, at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises at Catoosa Springs, Georgia, the following valuable real estate, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon, known as CATOOSA SPRINGS, situate, lying and being in Catoosa county, Georgia, containing 320 acres, more or less, and adjoining lands of Harris Cotten, Nichols and H. H. Hickman.

The improvements are first-class and consisting of two large HOTELS, numerous cottages, and necessary outbuildings. There are numerous

Mineral Springs

on the premises, which are famed for their curative properties.

The property can be traded for at private sale until day of sale. Terms cash. Purchasers to pay for papers. Titles guaranteed!

Parties desiring to inspect this fine property are referred to S. C. Homesby, on the premises, or to Geo. W. Sapp Dalton, Georgia.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Augusta, Ga., in person or by letter.

H. H. HICKMAN.
August 1, 1877. aug5—d1d

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of an order from the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold for cash, on the first Tuesday in October next, before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, the following property belonging to the estate of Jacob Barr, deceased:

A city lot, being part of land lot number fifty-one, in the 14th district of originally Henry county, now Fulton, fronting seventy feet on the west side of Fort street immediately north of Houston street, running back west south width along House occupied by Mitchell & Jones, to Dr. Hitchcock's line, on which there is a framed store House, now occupied by J. M. Ellis, number 199 Houston street.

Sold for the benefit of heirs and creditors

A. F. NUNNALLY, Administrator.
sep3—d1awid

The Climatic Advantages

of this section of territory are so well known as scarcely to need recapitulation. Vegetables and tropical fruits can be grown throughout the year without danger from cold. The severest frosts of this lake region do not injure vegetation, as we proven during the past winter, when the frosts killed early vegetables at considerable distance south of us and left this region untouched—not a blade of grass being injured.

Get a Homestead Now.

Parties who propose settling in Florida will find it greatly to their advantage to obtain to homesteads during the summer months, and thus avoid the rush of the fall months. Those desiring locate near the railroad can obtain

One Hundred and Sixty Acres Free

if their entry is made before the completion of the road. After its completion, which will be some time this coming fall, they will not be permitted to enter more than eighty acres. Persons locating during this summer can also get their lands in readiness for a crop of early vegetables next winter, and thus be enabled to realize a profit from the lands immediately. We are now

Prepared to Locate Homesteads,

singly or in colonies, at moderate rates, and in every case we guarantee complete satisfaction. No lands will be located by us until one of us have thoroughly surveyed them, and in all cases our patrons shall be given the best tracts of which we have any knowledge, without favoritism or partiality being shown to any one.

State Lands.

We are also prepared to locate, survey and purchase any desired quantity of State lands, and will perform this work either for a specified price in money or for an agreed upon per centum of land. We now have some choice pieces of State land marked out on our maps, which have been surveyed by us, and which are among the best lands of this State.

Further Details

can be obtained by addressing (with stamp enclosed for reply) the undersigned. Prompt attention to all such letters. Address

BANKS & ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS,
Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.

To My Friends in Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina.

In response to many letters received by me, I have entered into a business arrangement with Mr. JOHN S. BANKS for the purpose of locating settlers on the public lands of this and adjoining counties. Mr. BANKS is a practical surveyor of many years' experience, and possess a thorough knowledge of the public lands, having been United States Register of Public Lands in this State. We have explored and surveyed a considerable tract of these lands, and we are now prepared to locate settlers [illegible]

Choice Homesteads.

Many persons have written me expressing a desire to move to this State during the present year. These I would advise to GET A IN THEIR HOMESTEADS NOW. As the fall months, the rush of Northern settlers is so great that it is difficult to obtain choice homesteads; whereas, at present the travel is light, and one can select a place with greater ease. In addition, the large tract of homestead lands contiguous to the railroad, recently surveyed and opened up for settlement by Mr. BANKS, if not entered this summer, will inevitably be taken up by the full influx of Northern travel next fall. As my desire (without prejudice to Northern settlers) is to locate the numerous citizens of the States above named on choice homesteads, while able to do so, I urge them to make the selections at once, and thus secure valuable and eligible homes in this State.

ALEX ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS.
Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.
aug13—dtuthsatlm

Boarding House.

SPARTA.....GEORGIA

By Mrs. Brown.

GOOD accommodations, good and comfortable rooms. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Terms one dollars and fifty cents per day. MRS. BROWN.
aug6—d3m Piper st. east.

Schools and Colleges

EAST TENNESSEE UNIVERSITY

[illegible] afford[illegible] good advantages; the location is beautiful, the climate healthy and agreeable, and the provision for scientific and classical instruction ample; 4[illegible] will pay for Board, Tuition, Fuel, Lights and Washing, at Collegiate Year. Tuition from $20 to $35 a year. For full information address REV. THOS. W. HUMES,

Knoxville, Tenn.

Apply in Atlanta to R. H. RICHARDS, Atlanta Savings Bank, for catalogues.

aug27—d&w2m

WESLEYAN

FEMALE COLLEGE,

MACON, GA.

The Thirty-ninth Annual Session will begin

Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1876,

with a full Faculty of Professors and Teachers

THIS IS A

HOME INSTITUTION

of the highest grade. Its honor list of graduates found in every part of the South in its best recommendation.

Advantages, educational, social and religious, unsurpassed.

For particulars address

REV. W. C. BASS, D.D., President.
or REV. C. W. SMITH, D.D., Secretary.
July26—d2m

Emory College.

THE FALL TERM of this long-established institution opens Wednesday, September 6, with a thorough Curriculum and a Full Faculty.

Tuition: $30 00 for the Fall Term.

Board, including fuel and lights, from $16 00 to $20 per month.

For further information address the President

ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD,
aug19—d1m Oxford, Ga.

Bellevue High School

Bedford County, Virginia.

ON Va. & Tenn R. R., 15 miles west of Lynchburg. Full corps of Teachers. High and healthy location. Pupils members of the family. Sessions begins September 15. For Catalogues or desired information, apply to

WILLIAM B. ABBOTT, Principal,
julv11—d&w2m Bellevue P. O.

Notre Dame of Maryland

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Near GOVANSTOWN, Baltimore county, Maryland.

CONDUCTED by the School Sisters of Notre Dame. This institution is most desirably located 5 miles N. of Baltimore, and is provided with everya ccessory for health and comfort. The system of education pursued is designed to develop the mental, moral and physical powers of the pupils, to make them earnest, accomplished and useful members of society. In the Academic course, which includes the German and French languages, number of pupils is limited to one hundred and forty.

PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.

YOUNG LADIES, whose health requires SPECIAL PRIVILEGES, can be accomodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided fifteen positive applications are made before the 25th of August.

Educational advantages are the same for all.

For particulars, send for Catalogue.

July—d10w

Important to Parents and Guardians.

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation,

NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first-class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of this celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have been a subject of surprise to the native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a nation[illegible]. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy; and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($200 per annum,) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.

jan —d1tawly

University of Georgia,

ATHENS, GA.

The Seventy-sixth annual session

WILL open October 4th, with full Faculty in all Departments. Tuition in the Academic Department $75 00, payable in advance, viz: $35 00 on October 4th, with $20 00 Library fee, and $40 00 on March 1st, 1877. Fifty beneficiaries from the State admitted free in the Academic Department. The State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts forms a part of the University. Opens October 4th. Free scholarships in the State College are granted to as many students, resident of Georgia, as there are members of the General Assembly. The Law School opens—the first term on the third Monday in August, the second term on the third Monday in February following. Fees $60 per term. Instruction afforded in every branch of a liberal and professional education.

Good board may be had at $12 50 to $20 per month.

For catalogues, &c., address

W. H. WADDELL,
Secretary of the Faculty,
sep7—deod2w Athens, Ga.

King's Mountain Military School,

YORKVILLE, S. C.

NEXT Session begins September 4, ends January 30. Pupils should enter at beginning of Session, but will be received at any time. This is the oldest Military School south of Virginia, and the only one in South Carolina. Full Collegiate course. Thorough discipline. Diplomas to graduates. Healthy, hill country. For printed circulars and full information, apply to

july5—deod3m Col. A. COWARD, Principal.

Livery Stables.

Cumming Hack Line

[illegible] section with the

U. S. Mail.

I will run a regular 2 horse Hack from Cumming to Duluth, leaving Cumming Mon'days, Wednesdays and Fridays, 10½ a. m., arriving at Duluth, 3 p. m. Leaves Duluth Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 10½ a. m., arriving at Cumming, 3 p. m. I will also, on every Friday, carry passengers and light freight from Cumming to Auraria, connecting with the

Apply to

Gainesville and Dahlonega Hack

Good conveyance can be furnished to any neighboring town in Cumming. Careful Drivers.

aug1—d1r HOBT. A. CAMP, Proprietor.
T. GUYNNAN. W. HARLSWEIN

New Livery Stable

Opened out at

Mt. Airy, Ga.

In connection with the Stable at Clarkesville.

for the traveling public, by

CHURCH & JONES.

PARTIES visiting Clarkesville, Narchoochee Valley, Tallulah Falls, etc., will always find good Hacks at Mt. Airy, or Clarkesville.

Hacks always Ready

at the arrival of each train, North and East.

aug1—d1r CHURCH & JONES.

JOHN PORTER & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRE BRICK,

"Glade," "West Virginia," "Savage," and "Savage Mountain," of Equare, Circular, Wedge, or any desired shape.

Every Variety of Tiles

For Gas Houses, Oil Refineries, Stoves, Grates, Steam Boat Boilers, Fire Beds, or any like purpose.

And finely ground Fire Clay

WORKS, at Porter's Landing.

POST OFFICE, New Cumberland, Hancock county, West Virginia.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE, McCoy's Station, Ohio

aug6—d2mo

Relief for the Afflicted.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

[illegible] of the natural system. In a sense, [illegible] etc., latest discoveries in the [illegible] on the mysteries of marriage, [illegible] and the secret infirmities of youth and [illegible] a book of [illegible] pages, [illegible] reading, which should be kept under lock and key. [illegible] MEDICAL ESSAYS on all diseases of a Private Nature, in both sexes, the abuses and disorders of the system, with [illegible] cases of cure, 130 pages with engravings, sent under seal for 25 cts.

MEDICAL ADVICE on Sexual and Chronic Diseases, [illegible] Weakness, Debility, Cancer, Rupture, the Opium [illegible] 200 pages, sent under seal for 10 cts. All [illegible] 400 pages and everything worth knowing on the subject, [illegible] securely sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth st., St. Louis, Mo.

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and [illegible] physician and surgeon, of great experience, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Seminal Emissions, (night sweats) Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured.

SYPHILIS, in every form, cured and robbed of every [illegible] Gonorrhœa.

GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, or Rupture. Piles and other private diseases, quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who gives special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this, often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit me personally for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express all over.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Or 300 pages, sent in any address, securely sealed, for thirty cts., or stamps. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Sundays, 9 to 12 M.

aug3—d&wly

DR. BUTTS.

DISPENSARY, No. 12 N. Eighth st ST. LOUIS, MO.

Thirty years experience in the treatment of Sexual and Chronic Diseases of [illegible]

[illegible] Dr. BUTTS' Marriage Guide.

A Physiological View of Marriage, for the married and those contemplating marriage, on the mysteries of procreation and the secret infirmities of youth and [illegible] A [illegible] of [illegible] pages, [illegible] reading, which should be kept under lock and key. [illegible] ADDRESS MEDICAL ESSAYS on all diseases of a Private Nature, in both sexes, the abuses and disorders of the system, with [illegible] cases of cure, 130 pages with engravings, sent under seal for 25 cts.

MEDICAL ADVICE on Sexual and Chronic Diseases, [illegible] Weakness, Debility, Cancer, Rupture, the Opium [illegible] 200 pages, sent under seal for 10 cts. All [illegible] 400 pages and everything worth knowing on the subject, [illegible] securely sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth st., St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE SECRETS,

[illegible] Marriage Guide, illustrated with numerous engravings, [illegible] Courtship, Marriage, Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the Sexual system, how to conquer [illegible] hindrance of Diseases, will [illegible] hundreds of valuable receipts, [illegible] who should not marry, the impediments to marriage, their nature and cure. Treatment of Diseases, fully explaining the cause, symptoms and most successful mode of cure. This is the only really scientific work of the kind ever published, and is complete in every respect. Send [illegible] for it. Address, Dr. BUTTS, No. 12 N. Eighth st., St. Louis, Mo.

ADVERTISING [illegible] in any papers or [illegible] papers, until [illegible] to [illegible] where and when you [illegible] Address [illegible] Advertising Agents, [illegible] Tribune Building, Chicago, Ill.

Tried by Fire and Found not Wanting

J. L. VARNER,

Fire and Life Insurance Agent

CUTHBERT, GA.

REPRESENTS the old and reliable Liverpool and London and Globe, and the most substantial American companies. Insurance placed at lowest rates and losses promptly

feb6, 1876—d1y

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.

Important to the Public.

ON and after Monday, the 20th of March, 1876, I shall adopt the following Bill of Fare at Restaurant for the [illegible] of the public. I will furnish

BREAKFAST

from 6 to 9 o'clock a. m., from

25 to 50 cts each

Dinner from 12 m. to 2 p. m., at from

25 to 50 cts.

Supper from 5 to 9 p. m., from

25 to 50 cents

Also, I will hereafter furnish all special orders at reduced prices.

mar19—d1y R. G. THOMPSON

P. ROMARE. JNO. A. PERDUE

ROMARE & PERDUE,

Fire Insurance Agents,

Office over Lowndes' Tobacco Store, corner of Line and Pryor streets.

Only first class companies represented.

sep3 d1m

E. B. EDWARDS & CO.

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

TENNESSEE, Corn, Sour Mash, Lincoln county and Apple Brandy, SPECIALTIES.

apr19—d1mo

Sale of Impounded Cow.

ONE COW, now in City Pound, will be sold to the highest cash bidder at the Pound, in rear of Station House, within the legal hours of sale, on Thursday, September 14th, 1876, unless proper redeemed by the owner.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Chief of Police.
Atlanta, Ga., September 7th, 1876—d1w

PAINTING & GRAINING

D. F. HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of

House and Sign Painting.

Also, GRAINING, and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, No. 9 Hunter street.

aug27— d2tS—d3m

Brick for Sale.

200,000 BRICK always on hand at Reduced Prices. I am also prepared to BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on

PAT LYNCH

Builder and Contractor,

or leave orders at J. J. & P. W. Lynch, No. 68 Mitchell street.

American Lightning Rod Co.

ANY person wishing Lightning Rods put up, any style rod, can have the same done, in the most satisfactory manner, by

DOUGHTY & GRANGER,

Representing the

American Lightning Rod Co

Apply to

No. 53 Broad Street.

aug8—d1mo

THE GLOBE

Rolling Mill Company,

IRON, STEEL AND WIRE WORKS,

FENCE WIRE AND FENCE STAPLES,

42 and 44 W. Second St., CINCINNATI

All kinds of Scrap Iron purchased for cash or taken in exchange for Iron.

aug6—d2mo

GEORGE C. WARE,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in

Cider, Cider Vinegar, Ginger Ale.

Also, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer of

E. E. Condit's Original Receipt

Table Sauce.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Nos. 287, 289 and 291 West End, S. St.

CINCINNATI, O.

Highest Premium Awarded, for E. E. Condit's Table Sauce, at the Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1875. sep5—d1m

Registration of Voters.

ATLANTA, Ga., September 5, 1876.

ALL persons within the corporate limits of the city of Atlanta, desirous of participating in the coming Municipal Election, are required to come to my office and register. The books for the same will be opened on the 16th instant, and will remain open for two months.

All should remember that all those not registered will be debarred from voting.

Office hours from 7½ to 12 o'clock a. m. and 1½ to 6 o'clock p. m.

TRUE FRANK T. RYAN,
sep6—d1w City Clerk.

Dry Goods and Carpets.

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS

Just Received at

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'s.

New styles of Fall Prints at 6 cents and upwards,
Splendid quality Bleached Goods at 8, 9 and 10 cents,
Extra wide Striped Pique, 10 cents yard,
An extra lot of Cheap Quilts, ranging 85 cents and upwards,
Our 50 cents BLACK ALPACA gives general satisfaction,
A lot of Hamburg Edging at 5 cents and upwards,
Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, 3-Buttons, 50 cents and upwards,
Ladies' Colored Lisle Gloves, 15 cents a pair,
500 packages of WRITING PAPER, Envelopes to match, 15 cents package,
BLACK SILK offered at old prices (regardless of the great advance),
A lot of SEASONABLE DRESS GOODS, LINENS for traveling,
RIBBONS, HOSIERY (latest designs) offered very low.

We have a lot of

CARPETS!

WHICH WE OFFER VERY LOW. ALSO,

Matting, Oil Cloth and Window Shades.

A CALL WILL AMPLY REPAY.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.,

38 Whitehall Street.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Charleston, S. C.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., New York, N. Y.

BRANCHES:
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Jacksonville, Fla.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Foundry and Machine Works.

E. Van Winkle,

Founder & Machinist,

MANUFACTURER OF

VAN WINKLE'S PATENT COTTON PRESS,

VAN WINKLE'S PATENT COTTON GIN FEEDERS,

Van Winkle's Patent Cotton Gin Condenser

Also, Cane Mills, Circular Saw Mills, Cob Crushers, Mill Work, Iron Fencing, Iron Building Work of all kinds of Light and Heavy Castings.

16, 18, 20 Foundry Street,

june3—d4m ATLANTA, GA.

Fair Association.

COWETA COUNTY FAIR

THE GRANDEST COUNTY FAIR EVER GIVEN IN THE STATE!

PREMIUMS OPEN TO THE WORLD.

BEGINS AT NEWNAN, GA.,

Tuesday, October 24th, 1876,

AND CONTINUES THROUGH THE WEEK.

More than $3,000 in Premiums Offered!

Covering articles in almost every branch of Industry. The Premiums offered for

TROTTING HORSES

are liberal enough to attract the FASTEST HORSES in the SOUTH!

Everybody is coming—but there will be room enough for all. The Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama railroad and the Atlanta and West Point railroad intersect at Newnan, and will bring passengers and articles for exhibition at reduced rates. No charge for transportation to Fair Ground.

An abundance of first class hotel accommodations.

Send to the Secretary for a Pamphlet containing Premium List, and all the information that may be required.

J. D. SIMMS, President.
H. C. FISHER, Secretary.
sep5-d1aw4wtf

Horse Powers, Cotton Presses, &c.

CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CROCKETT'S Celebrated PORTABLE HORSE POWERS

The best Power made for Ginning and Threshing. It runs light, and never breaks. Price, $110.

PRICE, $110.

CKETT'S IMPROVED COTTON PRESS!

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION: ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1876.

OUR TRADE PAPER.

Annual Statement of the Business of Atlanta.

On or about September 20th, we shall issue our annual review of the business of Atlanta. To our business men and people generally, this is the most important issue of the paper during the year, as it makes an exhibit of our mercantile and material progress, and also of the great advantages of Atlanta either as a place of business or residence. The paper is eagerly sought at home and abroad, and consequently an immense edition is published.

The paper, for all these reasons, is one which possesses peculiar advantages for advertisers and every business man should not fail to advertise in it, especially as it appears just before the opening of the great fall trade.

As our merchants and citizens will desire to send copies to friends and business patrons, we shall print many thousand extras, and will furnish them at low rates, and in single wrappers if desired.

Send in your advertisements at once, or notify the office, and an agent will call.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS

WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

Daily and weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news."

mar22-dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office.

apr21—dtf

Asphalt Side Walk.

As cheap as brick. For sample and references call at office, corner Forsyth and Walton streets. O. A. SMITH.

july21—d3m

Coal! Coal! Coal!

We are in daily receipt of Montevallo, Cahaba and Coal Creek Coal. If you want a car load or more of the best, nicest selected Lump to be had, of either of the above three Coals, order from SCIPLE & SONS,

aug15-deun tues&thurim 59 Decatur street.

Murder Will Out.

A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint, a few thin Dyspetics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The great merits of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER became herald through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in EVERY TOWN in the United States are selling it. No person suffering with Sour Stomach, Sick Headach, Costiveness, palpitation of the Heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to your Druggists, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents. apr1—deod&weow1y

Montevallo Coal.

We have exclusive control of the Genuine Sicon Pure, original Montevallo Coal Summer Prices Low by car load.

SCIPLE & SONS,

aug15-deun tues&thurimo 59 Decatur St.

New Advertisements.

New store for rent—R. J. Griffin.

Carriage blacksmith wanted—Spence & Jarvis

Notice in bankruptcy—A. E. Buck.

Boarding and day school—Misses Skinner.

Fresh Mobile shell oysters—John Domini.

Benefit of the Savannah sufferers—Atlanta Dramatic Association.

A man in every town wanted—W. G. Robinson, Jr.

Notice.

In accordance with an order from the Hon. Lawson Black, register in bankruptcy, I have this day turned over to Mrs. O. A. Spiegle the balance of the entire stock of goods, and transferred back all unpaid accounts held by me as assignee. All parties indebted to the said O. A. Spiegle will therefore pay to her at her old stand No. 60 Whitehall street.

WM. RICH, Assignee.

ATLANTA, Sept. 9, 1876 sep10-3t

WATCHES.

Just received another consignment of those celebrated Gold Watches for ladies and gents' wear, this being the third lot I have sold in the past forty days. Remember, I am offering these watches at hard pan prices, and am instructed by the owners to close out this lot in the next thirty days. Each watch guaranteed for three years from date of sale. My customers and all who know me will take notice. I tell you now is the time for a bargain in a fine watch

sept10-tf GEO. SHARP, JR.

Special Bargains in Bleached Goods.

We wish to draw the attention of the ladies to our stock of Bleached Goods, which is offered at astonishingly low figures. Our 9 cents Bleached challenges competition. Call at

sep6-dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

THE CENTENNIAL GUIDE.

The Best Published.

Every one going to the Centennial should have one of these Guides. Price only 30 cents. Sent post-paid for that sum. Call at, or address PHILLIPS & CREW,

aug17—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

Marseilles and other Quilts.

A lot of full size White Quilts ranging from 85 cents and upwards.

Call at FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Kid Gloves.

A large lot just received, ranging 50 cents and upwards. Also, Lisle Thread Gloves from 15 cents upwards.

sep6-dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Ladies' Writing Paper.

500 package latest styles paper and envelopes to match, ranging from 15 cents upwards. They are offered at almost half their value. Call at

6-dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

White Pique.

A large lot just received and offered and offered at 10 cents a yard, worth 15 Call at

sep6—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office.

apr21—dtf

Closing Out Dress Goods.

Very nice styles offered now at 20 and 25 cents.

New style Fall Prints at very low figures.

Call at FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Atlanta.

The Canton Georgian pays the following tribute to our city:

Youthful, vigorous, progressive Atlanta. The local point of railroads in Georgia, a bright example of pluck and energy. Here all the departments of the government meet: in a word, Atlanta is our capital. Every Georgian should maintain the honor and dignity of Atlanta. It is of questionable propriety that rival cities should engage in a tirade of abuse against this city. It is perhaps because it is thought, by some, that Atlanta is built upon the sand, and all that is necessary to her downfall, is to invoke the cloud and storm. This delusion will be dispelled whenever the earthquake shock of vox populi from North Georgia is heard. Then it will be seen that Atlanta is founded and built upon a rock. Let us build the Marietta and Murphy railroad and put five hundred hands at work in the inexhaustable marble quarries that lie almost hidden along the line of this road, and let he build up a capital in Atlanta, of Pickens county, Georgia, marble, that will be worthy of the empire state and of the queen city of the south. We are aware that Atlanta has giants in her will, at the proper time, defend her, but we want to put ourselves upon record now.

—Some of the spirit of Mr. Van Estes still lingers about the Gainesville Eagle. Listen at this: There are poems that ripple through our lives unnoted and hidden away down in the soul, when the beautiful thrives as bright and as sweet as the flowers of May.

STATE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 3 Kimball House, Third street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Dr. G. W. HANDY.....President.

W. W. SIMS.....Cashier.

Paid in Capital, $50,000.

This bank pays 6 per cent per annum interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing 10 per cent interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

jan23—d2m-h-c

MILITARY.

Transfer of the Headquarters of the Department of the South to Atlanta, Georgia.

Considerable public interest has been aroused in our city by the recent order transferring the military headquarters of the department of the south from Louisville to Atlanta.

Yesterday a representative of THE CONSTITUTION conversed with several officers about the change, but could obtain very few details. All agreed, however, that the possession of the headquarters would be a big thing for the city.

As to what changes, if any, will be made in existing contracts for supplies, little will be determined until General Ruger, the commanding officer, arrives. He is expected after the 20th of the month.

It is reported that the general will establish his headquarters in a building outside of the barracks, and that negotiations have been opened for the rental of a portion of the building recently erected by Mr. English, on Broad street.

GENERAL RUGER

is spoken of in very high terms by all with whom we conversed. He is a graduate of West Point, and said to be one of the most efficient officers in the service, where he has spent the greater part of a long life. It will be remembered that he was the military governor of Georgia for a brief time, shortly after the close of the war. The general is a strict disciplinarian and very popular with all under his command.

Another company of soldiers arrived last night at half past ten o'clock, making with those already her a full regiment.

The companies in this department are being concentrated here as a sort of rendezvous, from whence they can be distributed, as the necessities of the service may require.

A few days hence much more of the details of the transfer of headquarters will become known.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Col. B. J. Wilson, wife and two daughters, left for the centennial yesterday.

—Col. J. C. Harris, of the Savannah News, wife, two daughters, and bilious servant, are registered at the Kimball.

—Miss Annie Schmidt left yesterday on a visit to the centennial and her relatives north.

—Capt. Isaac S. Boyd and wife leave this afternoon for the centennial, and other cities north.

—The fall crop of babies in Atlanta begins to appear, and many are the households now made noisome by infantile vocalism of unmeasured strain. This is occurring principally in households where heretofore all has been quiet.—Augusta Constitutionalist. References: Andy Stewart, Sam A Echols.

—Prof. Shelton P. Sanford and wife, of Macon, left for the centennial yesterday.

—Miss Ackerman left for Cartersville yesterday.

—Eight young men stood in a row at the depot yesterday evening handkerchiefs in hand and wept adieu to departing loveliness.

—Frank P. Lester has returned from the centennial and his genial phiz can again be seen at Phillips & Crew's.

—John Triplett has stipulated to send flowers this winter to an Atlanta lady, and perhaps may include an orange wreath.

—J. C. Harris, of the Savannah News, did not refugee from the fever. He heard that there was to be a flag raising and come up to head the torchlight procession. He is warmly welcomed by his host of friends here.

—Somewhere last night between Trinity and New Jerusalem the strains of bewitching music might have been heard, as if by the hand of Ole Bull or some other skilful artist. There was eloquence in his touch as there is in his words when he sways the multitude.

—Saturday night Culloden was illuminated by a light of transcendant beauty which might have been mistaken for a meteor. But our bright particular star was returned to relieve the gloom which had settled upon Garnet street.

—Marietta now is without her "Calamity," and Will Lewis is happy.

—John Drayton, colored, died in this city Monday of dropsy of the heart. He was carried to Augusta Tuesday night for interment, and was buried by the colored Oddfellows.

—A big ball comes off at Bullock's barn to-night.

—The young men have a masquerade ball at the National Hotel next Tuesday night.

—Rev. G. A. Nunnally has been elected pastor of the Rome Baptist church. We congratulate Rome on the accession. He is one of the rising men of the Baptist denomination in the south.

—Messrs. Haiman & Bro., of Columbus, have purchased a lot on Marietta street, Atlanta, and will at once proceed to erect a large building for the manufacture of farming implements. They will continue their enterprise in Columbus.

—Quoth the Courier-Journal: Crazy Atlanta CONSTITUTION—at Marietta's masquerade fairy female forms fittingly furbelowed flitted fleetingly.—The Courier-Journal had the jim-jams when it wrote this.

—Whidby, of the Atlanta CONSTITUTION, attended a recent masked ball at Marietta en costume. They say he created quite a sensation. The truth is, Whidby is a good deal younger than he looks to be.—Savannah News. Harris can't show the papers for the above assertion.

—Governor Smith yesterday commissioned the following notaries public: D C Forester, 1088 Dade; H N Bentley, 880 Forsyth. The following resignations of notaries were received: T W Ezzard, 880 Forsyth; W R Whitaker, 495 Fayette.

—Mr. A. Lawton Miller of Houston, democratic nominee for representative, has been in the city for a day or so, and made a host of friends. This young gentleman is a son of Jonathan Miller, Esq., of Beach Island, S. C. A few years ago he moved to Georgia, taught school, studied and practiced law, and now has been honored by his fellow citizens with a nomination which is equivalent to an election. A lawyer by practice, he is now, we believe, practicing in Cupid's court. In his efforts before that tribunal he may get hurt.

—Miss Dora Renfro of Columbus has gone to the centennial via the Air-Line.

—On Saturday night at DeGive's opera house, a grand select concert will be given for the poor suffering in Savannah. The best prominent of our musicians have with great care prepared an elaborate programme, in which they will be assisted by the noted professional amateurs, Prof. Schultze and lady, eminent in the musical world are to take part. As will also Mrs. Herman Werner, known now intimately in this city as Miss Anna Simon. The choruses number nearly forty voices—from the very highest order of Atlanta amateur talent. When it is remembered that there is no expense attending the giving of this concert, we believe the citizens will respond most nobly. The singers guarantee the gross receipts to Savannah. In such a noble undertaking let them be fully sustained. In the language of one of their stirring choruses, "Come show your charity."

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, September 13, 1876.

J. L. Varner, Ga; J. V. Brown, Savannah; W A Shorter, city; Louis J White, N Y; U S Perkins, Cincinnati; E F Best, Macon; J Bernunt N Y; L W Whittle, Macon; M C Wilcox, Mount Airy; D W Kirkman, N Y; Jas S Whitelo Michigan; W M Jackson, Chattanooga; W C Chase, N Y; John Satterfield, Ga; C M Featherstone, Rome, Ga; W C Snead Ga; J H Williams, Newton; G W Leonard, city; W C Mansfield, Marietta; C M French, Pittsburg, Pa; P A Fuike, Baltimore; J F Cantling, Newnan; J M Means, Texas; G B Stovall, Madison; Tom Johnson, Savannah; G B Knight, Madison; Mrs Edwin Marks and three children, N W Orleans; J A Wilson, Baltimore; Maj J W Bebrin, Houston co. Ga; Edward Blodgett, Louisville; Thos C Walch; New Orleans; C A Watt, Mrs Watt, Columbus; R S Saulsberry, Macon.

STATE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 3 Kimball House, Third street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Dr. G. W. HANDY.....President.

W. W. SIMS.....Cashier.

Paid in Capital, $50,000.

This bank pays 6 per cent per annum interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing 10 per cent interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

jan23—d2m-h-c

THE YELLOW FEVER.

THE DISEASE STILL SPREADING.

Increase of Mortality.

Pensacola News, 12th.

Yesterday was the gloomiest day in this city since the advent of the fever. Early in the day reports were circulated on the streets of a large increase in the mortality, and the mortuary reports show that the reports were only too well founded. The sickness in the city is still on the increase, and more fever cases were reported yesterday than on any previous day.

The mortuary reports show thirty-three interments, of which twenty were yellow fever cases. The report includes two yellow fever cases interred in Evergreen cemetery on Sunday, but which was not reported on that day. This shows a heavy increase in the mortality. From the large increase within the past two or three days, and the unfavorable weather which has prevailed, an increase in the number of deaths was to be expected. We may hope, however, that the epidemic has reached its climax and that with more favorable atmospheric conditions the experience of our physicians and nurses in the treatment of the disease, and the relief which is being so generously administered through the active agency of the Benevolent society, a few days will show a decline both in the mortality and the new cases of sickness.

THE SAVANNAH BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.

The committees of the association are working assiduously in looking up and caring for the sick and distressed. There are now one hundred and fifty nurses in the employ of the association who are tending the sick, and a number are kept at the president's office, ready to be sent in a moment where ever needed.

At the meeting yesterday afternoon it was announced that the Coast Line and Savannah, Skidaway and Seaboard railroads would pass relief committees free over their lines, and that Dr. J S Lawrence, agent of the steamer Katie, had offered his services to the association free of charge.

The president reported that horses and buggies had been provided with three physicians who need them.

MORE COMMITTEEMEN WANTED.

The following appeal will doubtless meet with a genuine response from the "Can't-Get-Aways."

"The Savannah Benevolent association require more assistance to look after the sick. Those willing to volunteer their services will please report to

"JOHN F. WHEATON, President,
"102 Bay street."

We are also requested to state again that the association will be thankful for any contributions, either of food or money. The demands on their charity are hourly increasing.

MORE BLOCKADING.

The authorities of Duval county, Florida, having refused to allow freight from this city to enter its limits. Mr. J. L. Bonnilliat announces that the Atlantic and Gulf railroad will not receive any freights for Jacksonville or any point east of Live Oak, or for any points between Fernandina and Cedar Keys. Freights, however, will be received for other points in Florida, as usual.

Besides this, the city of Brunswick has announced a quarantine against Savannah until November 12th, commencing to-day.

McBean is not put down on the official map of the Augusta canal. This is quite an oversight. However, it is never too late to make a mistake.

Macon Telegraph, 13th.

Only a few passengers came from Savannah last night, from whom we heard that the fever is still spreading, and that renewed apprehension is felt for the worse by those remaining in the city. Thirty-three deaths were reported for Monday—twenty of yellow fever and thirteen from other causes. Additional stores and residences are being closed, and those who can are preparing to locate elsewhere. Solomon Bros., grocery and liquor dealers, and Meyers Bros., dealers in cigars, tobacco and liquors, have already removed to Macon, and will be found in Blake's block, on Poplar street. It is said that others have made application for storehouses until the close of winter, and that several business firms contemplate permanently locating with us.

From a gentleman in the city we ascertained that Father Leckner and another one of the Macon priests, whose name we cannot call to mind, are down with the fever, and reported in a dying condition yesterday afternoon. Both went to Savannah for the purpose of attending upon the sick and suffering, and were untiring in their labors of mercy until sickness themselves.

Reports still being circulated that there are cases of yellow fever in Brunswick, we take pleasure in publishing the following positive denial:

BRUNSWICK, GA., Sept. 12

Capt. John A. Grant, Gen'l. Supt.:—Below you have the health officer's report just made.

H. C. DAY.

"No yellow fever here in Brunswick, nor never has been. City as healthy as it can be for this time of the year. J. S. BLAIN,
Health officer."

A letter from a member of the association to a gentleman in this city says that on the 12th 260 new cases and 86 deaths were reported.

The following telegram was sent to Savannah yesterday:

Capt. Jno. F. Wheaton, chairman, Savannah, Ga:—Atlanta contributes fifteen hundred dollars in money and supplies. Will remit half the amount in cash, and hold remainder subject to your order. We are still at work.

S. M. INMAN, chairman.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

4	Atlanta	5	Cowetа 16
5	Southern	3	Rome 7
6	Ocone	7	Cherokee 7
7	Albany	30	Augusta 12
8	Southwestern	33	Middle 4
9	Pataula	12	Ocmulgee 14
10	Chattahoochee	16	Eastern 29
11	Macon	26	Brunswick 2
12	Flint	28	

ATLANTA, GA., September, 13.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 25—Argument concluded.

No. 26—Thompson vs. Chapman. Distress warrant, from Fulton. Argued T. P. Westmoreland; J. T. Pendleton, for plaintiff in error. James Banks, contra.

No. 27—Kent & Co. et al, vs. Plumb, trustee, et al. Equity, from Fulton. N. J. Hammond; Arnold & Arnold; J. T. Glenn, for plaintiffs in error. Hillyer & Bro., contra.

Pening argument of Mr. Arnold, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock a. m. to-morrow.

The United States Courts, Hon. John Erskine, Judge.

The district and circuit courts met at their usual hour.

In the district court the following criminal business was disposed of:

The United States vs. Carr Collins, G J Hodsworth, D niel Nicholson, and George Crane: illicit distilling, Bonds forfeited for non-appearance.

Same vs G M Crane; illicit distilling; trial Verdict, not guilty.

Culberson and W light, for defense.

Same vs James Barber, defaulting witness. Rule discharged.

Same vs Henry R Coel; illicit distilling. Motion for new trial overruled. Sentence, five months imprisonment in Fulton county jail and the costs of suit.

Gartrell and Wright for defense.

Same vs Jackson Jones, defaulting witness, two cases; Rule dismissed,

Same vs Joseph L Priest; illicit distilling; verdict not guilty. Darnell for defense.

Same vs John A Bishop, working in an illicit distillery; plea guilty. Sentence, one month in jail and a fine of $10 and costs.

The following pleas of guilty were entered yesterday: John D Sims, illicit distilling; John Pinson, working in an illicit distillery; J F Martin, illicit distilling; Jackson Jones, illicit distilling; Robert Thompson, illicit distilling. They were all sentenced to four months imprisonment in jail and fines of $100 each and costs.

In the cases against against F N Stansell and John W Stansell the juries returned verdicts of not guilty

One judgment was taken for the government in a scire facias case, and the court adjourned until this morning.

THE CITY COURT.

Hon. H. H. Clark, Judge.

The city court met at nine o'clock and continued the entire day in the trial of George McCollough, charged with having on the 9th of September, attempted to commit a violent injury on the person of William Spear. This is one of the batch of cases which arose from the free fight celebrated a few nights ago in a barroom under the Williamham building, the particulars of which, have been published. Voluminous evidence was introduced on both sides. The jury left in the afternoon returned a verdict of not guilty.

T C Glenn represented the defence. The other parties to this case will be tried to-day.

THE MAGISTRATES.

An Assault with Intent to Murder Case.

Camelia Blackwell, the negro woman who tried a few nights since to make mincemeat out of her husband with a razor, had a preliminary hearing yesterday before Justice Wright. She was defended by Judge W F Wright and Mr. Jeffreys. William Blackwell was able to appear in court but was well bandaged up. The defence objected to his evidence on the ground that a husband could not testify against his wife. The objection was overruled. Mr Garrison testified to admissions made to him by the defendant, that she was the party who did the cutting. The facts brought out were substantially those already published. After a full hearing the court bound the defendant over in a bond of $500.

THOSE CAR BRASSES.

A H Whittle, and H Lynch his partner, junk dealers, were tried before Justice Butt for receiving car brasses stolen from the Western and Atlantic and Air Line railroads. Whittle was bound over in both cases. The trial of Lynch is not completed.

A REFUGEE RAD.

SIMMS, THE SADDLE-COLORED INCENDIARY, MAKES A SPEECH.

For Which he is Thanked by the Government Soup-Eaters and "Men and Brethren."

Last night there was another of those detestable congregations of the mottled party at the city hall. The city court room was crowded with negroes of every hue and condition, from the barber's clerk with his wool laid off over the middle of his skull by a watermelon gash, down to the vagabond forty-horse power odoriferous chap with his shirt and pants pinned together to keep each other on.

THE PROMINENT PARTIES,

however, were Amos T Akerman, Uncle Billy Markham, A E Buck, Geo S Thomas, H C Holcombe and others of the plain persuasion, who sat round on benches during the performance, "when the elephant went around," so to speak.

Josiah Sherman, after picking his teeth with a ten-penny nail, (in the absence of a bayonet or cavalry sabre,) anchored himself in the chair and announced the meeting ready for the "hot blast."

"HON J M SIMMS,"

of coppery complexion, who is a preacher, politician and government free luncher in the custom house department, was announced as the orator of the evening. This choice specimen of a negro radical has run away from Savannah to escape the yellow fever, leaving thousands of his poor and destitute people, perhaps many of his own church, to sicken and die in abject want and in astounding numbers. He comes away to a place of safety and without one word for their cause is found grinning at his own wit and bellowing in murdered English to the attendants upon a political meeting.

HE IS A FAIR SPEAKER

and has no little sense, and but for his incendiary character and mercenary prostitution might be of some service to his race—as it is, he is their worst enemy.

His speech last night was two hours in length nearly, and embraced a history of slavery, the war, the emancipation and the republican party. This radical party, he told the negroes, was the special favorite of God and was designed for the peculiar purposes of the negro population. He urged them to stand by it as their political church and to exercise their right to vote in its behalf. He denounced the "reform" purposes of the democratic party, and said they meant

RIOTS AND MURDER

in which negroes would be made to give up their blood for their principles.

He declared that the report of the Charleston disturbance being produced by an effort to protect negro democrats to be "all bosh." His idea was that a democratic negro was a grand rascal and should be treated as such by his own color. "A negro is the only person," he said, "who can screw up another negro's backbone." Negroes had died since the war by hundreds, and now all bloody graves for principle's sake, and more would have to do so. He left the inference that they should be democratic negroes.

He thought the negroes should organize and be up and doing for the success of the radical party. If we have a fair election in Georgia we will show them that the state is still radical. Referring to Taft's order he said he believed there would be

"FAIR PLAY THIS TIME."

and he wanted the negroes to be ready to take advantage of it. He predicted large gains in Georgia and thought Fulton county would go radical and Markham be elected to congress. [This tickled Uncle Billy several dollars worth.]

In conclusion he told the negroes that they must trust in God and vote for the radical party to be true to themselves. His speech was about as rascally a piece of bad advice and incendiary purpose as we ever listened to.

At the conclusion a motion to thank him for his speech was unanimously carried.

CALLS FOR AKERMAN.

were made, but he only remarked that he "heartily seconded" all that Simms had said.

Thereupon George Thomas woke up and yawned out a motion to adjourn, which motion prevailed.

A proposal to give "three cheers for Simms!" fell still-born, as a negro who said he was a democrat was surrounded and told to go to various warm places, and threatened with having a stock-gap cut over his eye.

So ended another "blood shirt" pow-wow!

Melancholy Casualty.

Mr. T. Grim-Alkin, who has been well known to many of our citizens for several years past was seriously injured last night by some unknown assailant. Mr. Alkin has for several evenings been in the habit of serenading a fair demoiselle living near the Augusta railroad depot, and the unwilling auditors of his musical (?) that although they gave him credit for doing his best, yet his voice is far from good, and that they have been much annoyed by his vocalizing attempts. About twelve last night, while in the most affecting part of his solo, a window in a neighboring house was heard to open, and a missile came tumbling out striking Mr. Alkin on the head and stunning his music to an abrupt close. He had just strength enough to crawl home, and he now lies in a critical condition. It is not known who projected the missile which brought Mr. Alkin's serenade to such an abrupt conclusion, but it is to be hoped, for the quiet of the neighborhood, that it will prove an effectual quietus to the gentleman's future attempts in this direction.

Mysterious.

Yesterday afternoon the Jewish synagogue was filled to witness the marriage ceremony of Mr. Max Marcus to Miss Julia Mazus. The attendants were Mr. G. Saloshin and lady and Mr. H. Wolf and lady. The services were performed in a graceful manner by Rev. H. Gerson after the ceremony the happy couple with the attendants and friends repaired to the residence of Mr. Saloshin, where the most sumptuous table was spread.

—A young man who has been through the yellow fever at Sumerfort in 1853 writes to go down to Savannah to nurse, provided some one will bear his expenses. Anyone wishing to contribute in that way to the relief of our suffering sister city, will oblige by leaving his name at this office.

—Miss Kennedy left for New York yesterday to purchase her fall stock of millinery goods.

"Caste."

Do not forget the benefit performance by the amateurs to-night. A portion of the proceeds go to the Savannah sufferers, and we do not know of any cause which could so urgently appeal to every man and woman as this one. We trust there will be a handsome audience out to-night.

The amateurs will give a good performance and the charity they dispense through them will be doubly blessed. Do not fail to be present.

Col. R. A. Alston Declines to Run Independent.

CROSS KEYS, DEKALB CO., GA., September 6, 1876.

Col. R. A. Alston:

DEAR SIR—Under existing circumstances we believe you are the choice of a large majority of the voters of DeKalb county to represent them in the next legislature. That you was not chosen at the late primary election is owing to the fact that sectional and local issues had concentrated the vote of these sections, before it was known that you would be a candidate. The citizens who supported at least two of your opponents, are exceedingly anxious that you should allow the use of your name. We desire to see the fraud which has ever prevailed in these primary elections rebuked, as it certainly will be by an overwhelming majority, if you will but consent to run. The county of DeKalb polled in the late nomination nearly three hundred more than here are white polls in the county, when it is a well known fact that a large number failed to vote, and the precinct at Lithonia, with only one hundred and thirty-eight polls, voted two hundred and fifty-seven. In other respects, the nomination is unsatisfactory as the rules for conducting it were violated, first, by keeping the polls open at any precinct until nearly dark, instead of closing promptly at 3 o'clock. Secondly, in allowing young men and boys to vote who were not of proper age; and, thirdly, in allowing white and black republicans to vote, when it was distinctly understood that none but democrats be allowed. For these reasons, and especially because we feel that your enlarged experience in public affairs, and your well known courage in rebuking corruption in high places, do we sincerely request that you will allow us the privilege of voting for you in the approaching election.

We feel confident that the county will give you a most triumph majority, and in hope that you will not hesitate to yield your expressed determination not to run to the wishes of so many of your fellow citizens who represent all sections of DeKalb county.

Giles M. Humphries, James Polk, Thomas S. Ivey, L. J. Polk, I. H. Nash, J. D. Wofford, J. C. Purcell, W. C. Holbrook, A. Williams, W. G. Henderson, W. R. Wallace, J. T. Metcalf, and hundreds of others.

MEADOW STOCK FARM,

Near Decatur, Ga., Sept. 11, 1876.

Messrs. Giles L. Humphries, Jas. Polk, Thos. Silvey, J. H. Polk, J. D. Wofford, J. C. Purcell, W. C. Holbrook, J. T. Womack, Jas. M. Carroll, and hundreds of others:

Your communication has just been handed to me, and I shall lose no time in sending you my reply. You state that you think I am the choice of a large majority of the voters of DeKalb county to represent them in the next legislature, and the reason why I was not chosen at the late primary election, was owing to the fact that sectional and local issues had crystalized the vote of these sections, before it was known that I would be a candidate. In this, I apprehend, you are mistaken, as Mr. Ragedale, my successful competitor did not come out until some days after my name was announced. This, however, is merely incidental to the main object of your letter, which is, that I will consent to disregard the late primary nomination and permit my name to go before the people as an independent candidate.

Office belongs of right to no man, but no good citizen should shirk its responsibilities when called on to assume them; and hence it is that this petition signed by such a large number of my fellow citizens, very few of whom supported me in the nomination, has had my most respectful attention, without hesitation, however, as to the answer which honor and duty require me to make. I must positively and unequivocally decline the use of my name as a candidate, and when I state this I mean exactly what the language implies.

I think, my friends, you will agree with me when I have stated my reasons.

On the first Tuesday in July the executive committee met at Decatur, and in view of the very general objection to a primary election, and the apparent impossibility of harmonizing on any other plan, decided to have no nomination, but, to use their own language "pull off the halters, and allow every one to run who fe't so inclined.

The three lower districts, Lithonia, Barnes and Diamonds, held a meeting on the 29th of July and protested against this action, and requested the chairman, the Hon. John C. Ragsdale, to assemble the committee again and see if some plan for having a nomination could not be agreed upon. He complied with this request, and the meeting was held on the 5th of Aug. They ordered a primary election to take place on Saturday, the 2d of September. I was present at that meeting and strenuously opposed the primary plan as far as one who was not a member of the committee could do it. I had seen these elections in Atlanta and I regarded them as not only unfair to those who would not stoop to do unfair things, but exceedingly demoralizing in their tendency to destroy the sacredness of the ballot-box. Nevertheless the committee agreed on it—I consented to go into it, knowing then, as well as I do now, that practices would be resorted to which, unchecked, would result in creating great dissatisfaction. Then my only hope was in the fairness of the managers. I believe they did all in their power to prevent abuse. How far they succeeded you know as well as I do; but fair or unfair I was beaten and cheerfully abide by the decision. If I had not intended to do so, then was my time to have refused to go into the race. Not having done so then it is too late to do it now. To permit the use of my name, under the circumstances, from my stand point would not be right, and I must, respectfully, decline to do anything which I do not consider clearly right and honorable. In coming to this conclusion, I distinctly disavow any reflection upon those who take a different view of it, owing to what they re ard as good and sufficient reasons for nullifying the whole nomination. There was not any more fraud nor were there greater irregularities than I expected when I consented to run. In fact, there were much fewer. Fraud is inseparable from the system, and take it all in all, it was a fairer election than was to be expected from such a system. The executive committee is the highest organized authority in the country. What they decide is law to every member of the organization. They ordered this election. I went into it under the order. They consolidated the vote and pronounced Mr. Ragsdale the nominee, and as such I shall give him my support.

Mr. Clay once said "he would rather be right than to be president," and in this race I have nothing to regret. I did not purchase a drink or spend a cent. I did not even go to Decatur until after the polls had closed, or did I send any one to work for me. The vote I received was the unsolicited vote of my neighbors and friends, and as such I am grateful for it. I very reluctantly entered into this contest and only did so because I conscientiously thought I could be of service to the people of my county and state. I have no personal ambition to gratify. I know full well the grave responsibilities of the position of a member of the legislature who does what he is expected to do and what he should do.

The citizens of DeKalb have reason to be proud of their county. We have an United States senator and a congressman, and will soon have a governor, and I would like to been very glad to have received the nomination to represent such a county in the councils of the state, but I must respectfully decline to run without it. I hope, my friends, that you will, when you read this letter, drop my name entirely out of this contest. I need not inform you that this demonstration of your regard and confidence is gratefully appreciated and I shall try always to deserve it.

Again thanking you, I remain very respectfully, your obedient servant.

R. A. ALSTON.

Entering the Sisterhood.

Macon Telegraph, 13.

A very interesting ceremony took place in the Catholic church last night—the reception into the sisterhood of three young ladies, Miss Fannie Hassell, of New York, Miss Isabel Gibbs, of Hartford, Connecticut, and Miss Lizzie Mahoney, of Atlanta, Georgia. The ceremonies were conducted by Father Gaboury, assisted by Father Brown, of Columbus, and Father Bazin, of Savannah. Father Reilly, of Atlanta, delivered an address appropriate to the occasion, in which he forcibly and eloquently pointed out the lifetime duties of the youthful candidates who had forsaken home, friends, kindred, riches and every earthly pleasure for the sombre habit of the convent.

The exercises occupied nearly two hours and were highly impressive. A large audience was in attendance, mostly ladies, many of them representatives from our most prominent Protestant families. The altar had been beautifully decorated for the occasion, and the young ladies arrayed in bridal robes, with the attending sisters in their solemn black, and the clergy in brilliant vestments, presented a picture that will be lasting and impressive upon the many who were present.

The young ladies have been in Macon about six months on probationary vows, and will, for the next two years, wear the white veil, after which they will adopt the black and become full Sisters of Mercy upon taking their final vows. Miss Mahoney will be known in religion as Sister Vincent, Miss Hassell as Sister Teresa, and Miss Gibbs as Sister Augustin. Mr. Hassell, of New York, and Mr. Gibbs, of Connecticut, were present and witnessed the taking of the vows by their daughters.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT.

ATLANTA, GA. September 13, 1876.

Cotton continues quiet at 9¾ for middlings.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.

By wagon	52
Air-Line Railroad	3
Georgia Railroad	23
Central Railroad	21
Western and Atlantic Railroad	3
West Point Railroad	54
Total	156
Receipts previous	614
Total	770
Stock on hand September 1	296
Grand total	1,066

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	5
Shipments previous	352
Total	357
Stock on hand	709

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial.

NEW YORK, September 13.—Money easy at 1¼.

Sterling firm at 4.

Gold 109¾@109¾.

Governments dull and steady; new fives 113¼.

State bonds quiet and nominal.

Stocks active and unsettled; New York Central 105¾; Erie 9¾; Lake Shore 53¾; Illinois Central 85¾; Pittsburg 90½; Chicago and Northwestern 87¾; preferred 69¼; Rock Island 108.

Sub-treasury balances—gold $37,816,500; currency $31,846,679. The sub-treasurer paid out $9,000 on account of interest and nothing for bonds.

Customs receipts to-day $290,000.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, September 13.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,087 bales; uplands 11¾; Orleans 11 11-16.

Futures opened weak; September 11 13-32@11¾; October 11 13-32@11 7-16; November 11 13-32@11 7-16; December 11 7-16@11 15-32; January 11 7-16@11 15-32; February 11 11-16@11¾.

LIVERPOOL, September 13.—Noon.—Cotton tending down; middling uplands 6 1-16; middling Orleans 6 3-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 2,700; American 1,700; futures weaker: sellers at last night's prices; middling uplands nothing below low middlings September delivery 5 15-16 October or November delivery 6; November or December delivery 6; new crop middling uplands shipped in November or December per rail 6 1 32.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, September 13.—Cotton easy; sales 1,219 bales at 11¾@11 11-16.

Net receipts 490 bales; gross 4,373.

Futures closed weak; sales 14,000 bales: September 11¾; October 11 13-32; November 11 13-32@11 11 32; December 11 11-32; January 11 15 32@11¾; February 11 11-16; March 11¾; April 12@12 1-32; May 12 3-16@12 7-32; June 12 11-32@12 ¾; July 12¾@12 9 16; August 12 9-16@12¾.

GALVESTON, September 13.—Cotton easier; middlings 10¾; net receipts 1,458 bales; gross 1,418; sales 920.

NEW ORLEANS, September 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 9¾; net receipts 1,494 bales; gross 1,494; sales 1,200.

MOBILE, September 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾@10¾; net receipts 272 bales; sales 1,200.

SAVANNAH, September 13.—Cotton quiet, middlings 10¾; net receipts 2,234 bales; gross 2,369; sales 969.

CHARLESTON, September 13.—Cotton steady; middlings 10¾@11; net receipts 1,104 bales; sales 650.

AUGUSTA, September 13.—Cotton in fair demand; middlings 10¾; net receipts 307 bales; sales 283.

WILMINGTON, September 13.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middlings 10¼; net receip